The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. III. RALEIGH, N. C., MONDAY, JULY 27, 1868. NO. 300.

The Daily Sentinel.

WM. B. PELL, PROPRIETOR.

THE EJECTMENT OF GOV. HUMPHREYS, OF MISSISSIPPI, FROM THE EXECUTIVE MANSION BY THE MILITARY!

JACKSON, MISS., June 16, 1868.—*Hon. B. G. Humphreys:* SIR—I have the honor to inform you that I have arrived here in pursuance to an order from Major General McDowell, a copy of which is enclosed, and am prepared to assume the office of Provisional Governor of the State of Mississippi. Be pleased to inform me when it will be convenient to receive me for the purpose of making such arrangements as may be necessary to carry into effect the order.

Very respectfully, your ob't serv't.,
A. AMES,
Brevet Major General, U. S. A.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, STATE OF MISSISSIPPI, JACKSON, MISS., June 22, 1868.—*General:*—Your note of the 16th. instant was handed to me this morning, upon my return to the capitol, by my private secretary, Mr. Marion Smith, inclosing a printed copy of General Orders, No. 23, from the headquarters of Brevet Major General McDowell, commanding Fourth Military District at Vicksburg. You request to be informed "when it will be convenient to receive me (you) for the purpose of making such arrangements as may be necessary to carry into effect the order." In reply I must say, that I regard the attempt to remove me from the office of Governor, as a usurpation of the civil government of Mississippi—unwarranted by and in violation of the Constitution of the United States; and having telegraphed to the President of the United States and Commander-in-Chief of the army for instructions, I am authorized to say that he disapproves the order for my removal from office. I must, therefore, in view of my duty to the constitutional rights of the people of Mississippi, and this disapproval of the President of the United States, refuse to vacate the office of Governor, or surrender the archives and public property of the State until a legally qualified successor, under the Constitution of the State of Mississippi, is appointed.

Very respectfully,
BENJ. G. HUMPHREYS,
Governor of Mississippi.

To Brevet Major General A. Ames, U. S. A., Jackson, Miss.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, STATE OF MISSISSIPPI, JACKSON, MISS., July 6, 1868.—*Hon. B. G. Humphreys:* SIR—Soon after my arrival here as Provisional Governor, I notified you that you might continue to occupy the Governor's mansion. Since then I have had cause to change my mind in the matter.

You will oblige me by vacating the mansion at as early a day as convenient.

Very respectfully, your obedient serv't,
A. AMES, Provisional Governor.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, STATE OF MISSISSIPPI, JACKSON, MISS., July 7, 1868.—*Gen. A. Ames:* SIR—Your letter of the 6th inst., informing me that I would oblige you by vacating the "mansion" at as early a day as convenient, was duly received through the post-office of this city.

The Governor's mansion was built by the tax payers of Mississippi only for the use and occupancy of their constitutional Governors and their families. They solicited me to that office in 1865, and I, with my family, have been in peaceable, quiet and legal possession ever since. At the recent election the qualified voters of the State, both white and colored, have, by the largest popular vote ever cast in this State, unmistakably expressed their desire for my continuance in the use and occupancy of the mansion as their constitutional Governor.—In view of this expressed desire of the just and lawful owners that this property remain in the continuous possession of their own chosen custodian—and from the further fact that the mere occupancy of the mansion by my family cannot operate as an impediment to the just administration of the reconstruction laws of Congress, I must respectfully decline to oblige yourself or others, by vacating the mansion, until a legally qualified Governor is elected under the constitution of the State

Very respectfully,
BENJ. G. HUMPHREYS.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, STATE OF MISSISSIPPI, JACKSON, July 9th, 1868.—*Hon. B. G. Humphreys:* SIR:—I have been informed (it is possible that my information is incorrect) that you do not find it convenient to vacate the Governor's mansion.

I presume it is because of the difficulty in finding my other fit residence. It is my wish to put you to as little practical inconvenience as possible. Under the above supposition, I have no objection to your occupying a part of the house. Next Monday, by which time you can make the necessary arrangements, I, with others, will take possession of a part of the house. So long as we may remain joint tenants, great care shall be taken not to inconvenience your family.

Very respectfully, yours, &c.,
A. AMES, Provisional Governor.

JACKSON, MISS., July 9, 1868.—*General A. Ames:* SIR—Your letter of the 9th was received this morning. It will be disagreeable to myself and family to share the apartments of the Governor's mansion with other permanent tenants. I hope my letter of the 8th will be satisfactory, and relieve us from any such annoyance.

Very respectfully,
BENJ. G. HUMPHREYS.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, STATE OF MISSISSIPPI, JACKSON, MISS., July 13, 1868.—*Hon. B. G. Humphreys, Jackson, Miss.,* SIR.—General Ames, the Provisional Governor of this State, has called upon me, as the officer in command of this post, to gain possession of one-half of the mansion now occupied by you.

I send Lieutenant Bache, with a guard of men, to see that Governor Ames's request is carried out. Lieutenant Bache will hand you this letter.

I do not desire to use force if I can help it, but he will be instructed to do so if necessary. I wish to avoid all unpleasantness to yourself and family, but if you desire, for political purposes, to have a military "pantomime," I have also instructed Lieutenant Bache to carry it out with all the appearances of a reality, without actual bloodshed.

I am, sir, very respectfully, your obedient servant,
JAMES BIDDLE,
Captain and Lieut. Col. U. S. A., Commanding Post.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Grocery and Commission Business!

THE UNDERSIGNED CONTINUES to carry on, at his old place of business, on Hargett Street, the **Grocery and Commission Business** in its various branches.

He will always keep on hand everything usually found in a FIRST-CLASS Family Grocery establishment. There is no necessity for particularizing.

The stringency of the times compels him to adopt, strictly,

THE CASH SYSTEM!

Do not, therefore, send orders, or scrips, or make application for credit

He will pay prompt attention to, and make regular returns on account of, all CONSIGNMENTS, to be sold on COMMISSION.

REFERENCES: Gov. Jonathan Worth and Jno. G. Williams, Esq., Raleigh.

RUFUS K. FERRELL,
Raleigh, July 21 1m

NOTICE.

THE COPARTNERSHIP, existing under the name and style of E. J. PARISH & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

All in arrears will make immediate payment to E. J. PARISH, as the business of the firm must be closed.

E. J. PARISH,
W. F. ASKEW.

Raleigh, July 17th, 1868.

NOTICE.

I cheerfully recommend E. J. PARISH to my various friends and customers as one deserving their confidence and support.

W. F. ASKEW.

TO THE PUBLIC.

In my continuation of business, I thank you for the past favors and liberal support given me, and can but ask a continuance of the same.

You will find me at my old place, East Market Square.

July 17-tf E. J. PARISH.

LIME! LIME!

PRICE REDUCED!!

Having a large supply of fresh Stone Lime on hand, and not desiring to hold it over, we have made a liberal reduction in price, and, for clubs or large parcels, we can give rates that cannot fail to give satisfaction. Apply to

WORTH & DANIEL.
July 20-tf Washington, N. C.

SWEET SPRINGS,

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA,

WILL BE OPENED for the reception of visitors JUNE 20th, and, as heretofore, will be kept as a strictly first-class hotel. Passengers from the South will take Tenn. & Va. R. R. to Bonsak's Station, where first-class coaches will be in readiness to convey them to the Springs.

☞ Board $3 per day. june 12-4Aug5

1868, SPRING STOCK. 1868.

BOOTS, SHOES AND TRUNKS,

AT WHOLESALE ONLY!

WE HAVE RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

direct from the Manufacturers which we will sell as low as goods of the same quality can be bought in New York, Philadelphia or Baltimore.

WYCHE & PARKER,
April 1-tf No. 3 Iron Front, up Stairs. Petersburg.

☞ Those buying for cash shall have the benefit of money.

PHOTOGRAPHS!

GREAT INDUCEMENTS AT

WATSON'S GALLERY.

HAVING A LARGE STOCK OF **PHOTOGRAPH FRAMES** on hand I have concluded to reduce my stock by selling Frames and Cases, with Pictures complete, for about ONE HALF the usual price, for thirty days.

The stock is new and the finest assortment ever brought to this Market. CALL EARLY.

June 27-tf J. W. WATSON.

NOTICE.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER, made in the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, for Wake County, at May Term, 1868, in the case of J. R. Rogers, Administrator, and J. R. Rogers against Silas H. Rogers, I will sell, at the Court House door, in the City of Raleigh, on the 20th day of August, 1868, at 12 o'clock, M., all the Real Estate of the late Silas Rogers, situated just to the widow's dower.

The lands are situate about six miles North of Raleigh, and there are about ONE THOUSAND acres.

TERMS.—Twelve months credit.

The undersigned, living upon the premises, will take great pleasure in showing the same to persons desirous of purchasing.

J. ROWAN ROGERS,
July 18-td Commissioner.

LAND SALE.

IN OBEDIENCE to an order of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions for Davidson County, at May Term, 1868, we will sell, at Public Auction, on the premises, the 4th day of August next, at 12 o'clock, M., on a credit of 6 months,

Two Valuable Tracts of Land,

belonging to the estate of Wm. Owen, dec'd.

One Tract of 800 acres, situated in the "Jersey Settlement," celebrated for its rich soil; the other lying on the Yadkin river, containing 220 acres; both finely improved and well watered. Persons desiring valuable Real Estate should attend. At the same time and place, a quantity of Grain

A. J. OWEN, } Adm'rs.
J. H. SMITH, }
Lexington, N. C., June 26-2aw3w

Chowan Baptist Female Institute,

MURFREESBORO', N. C.

THE NEXT SESSION will commence on the first Wednesday in October, with a full corps of able and experienced instructors.

In view of the diminished means of our people, and in order to afford the advantages of education to as great a number as possible, the Trustees have reduced the charges for Board and Tuition as low as is consistent with the large facilities afforded.

For full information, address

July 16-2w* A. McDOWELL.

VIRGINIA MILITARY INSTITUTE, LEXINGTON, VA.

APPLICATIONS will be received at this time for the admission of 100 ADDITIONAL CADETS into this Institution. Those entering in the Summer months enjoy peculiar advantages in the special course of discipline and instruction, by which they are prepared for the regular studies which commence Sept. 1st.

Circulars will be sent on application.

FRANCIS H. SMITH,
may 12-3taw1wkcowtsep21. Supt.

VINE HILL ACADEMY,

Scotland Neck, N. C.

THIRD SESSION begins July 16th.

Tuition $40 and and $25. Board and tuition, including every thing except washing, $125.

Address J. M. LOVEJOY.
July 1-2aw4w

WHOLESALE & RETAIL GROCERS.

Soap, Soap.

2,500 LBS. ROSIN SOAP.
Just received by
June 22-tf UPCHURCH & DODD.

Salt, Salt.

100 SACKS MORE FINE SALT.
For sale at
June 22-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Leather, Leather.

A LARGE SUPPLY OF HEMLOCK LEATHER.
For sale by
June 22-tf UPCHURCH & DODD.

Essence of Coffee.

ANOTHER SUPPLY ESS. OF COFFEE.
Just received at
June 22-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Meal, Meal, Meal.

FINE WHITE BOLTED MEAL, the best in town, for sale by
July 17-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Corn, Corn, Corn.

500 BUSHELS.
For sale at low price.
July 17-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Bacon, Bacon, Bacon.

10,000 LBS. RIB SIDES.
Just received by
July 17-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Family Roe Herring.

20 HALF BARRELS
In Store and for sale by
July 17-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Flour, Flour, Flour.

20 BBLS. N. C. FLOUR, in store and for sale at low price, to close consignment.
June 26-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Corn! Prime White Corn!!

ONE DOLLAR AND A-HALF per bushel.
Just received by
June 26 tf D. DOUGLAS BELL.

Bacon, Bacon, Bacon.

5,000 LBS. RIB SIDES, which will be sold for cash, very low, by
June 26-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

HERRINGS, HERRINGS.

25 half bbls. N. C. Roe Herrings.
30 " " Cut do
20 " Labrador do
For sale low by
June 22-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

PRIME CAROLINA RICE.

Just received by
June 22-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Corn, Corn.

ONE THOUSAND BUSHELS PRIME WHITE CORN, now arriving at
June 22-tf DOUGLAS BELL'S.

CORN! CORN! CORN!

1,000 BUSHELS CORN.—**PRIME WHITE!** The cheapest in town. For sale by
July 11-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

SOLE LEATHER.

TRUNKS, VALISES,
" LEATHER AND MOROCCO
TRAVELING BAGS,
For Ladies and Gentlemen, at
April 23-tf R. R. ANDREWS & CO.

25 FACTORY CHICKENS.
April 30-tf W. ROBT ANDREWS.

IRISH POTATOES FOR PLANTING.

10 bbls. White Mercer Potatoes.
10 bbls. Peach Blow do
15 bbls. N. C. do
Mar 5—tf At ANDREWS'.

FAMILY FLOUR.

25 bbls. Family Patapsco.
25 " Superfine.
15 " Family N. C.
Mar 5—tf At ANDREWS'.

10 CASKS ENGLISH ALE AND PORTER in bottles.
April 30-tf W. ROBT ANDREWS.

25 BOXES FRESH CANDIES—Assorted.
April 30-tf W. ROBT ANDREWS.

50 DOZ CANS FRESH PEACHES.
April 30-tf W. ROBT ANDREWS.

25 BBLS. PATAPSCO FAMILY FLOUR.
April 30-tf W. ROBT ANDREWS.

1,000 BUSHELS OF CORN
Just received.
April 30-tf W. ROBT ANDREWS.
Fayetteville St.

5,000 LBS. BALTIMORE BACON.—Sides and Shoulders, low
April 30 tf W. ROBT ANDREWS.

GEO. L. TONNOFFSKI,

Grocer & Commission Merchant,

No. 31, FAYETTEVILLE ST.,

(NEAR TUCKER HALL.)

KEEPS constantly on hand a well selected Stock of choice

Groceries, Confections, Fine Wines, Ales, Liquors, Cigars, &c.

Consignments solicited. Prompt returns made. Liberal advances given. Commission light.
Jan 29-143-tf

RECEIVED THIS DAY
500 lbs Family Lard in Kegs.
TONNOFF-SKI'S
Feb 3-150-tf

CATSUPS AND SAUCES.
At TONNOFFSKI'S.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S genuine imported Chow-Chow and Pickles, at
Mar 18—tf TONNOFFSKI'S

FINE WINES, ALES LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c.
At TONNOFFSKI'S.
March 2—tf

10 CASES CANNED GOODS,
At
Mar 18—tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

Wheat Thresher and Carrier.

JUST RECEIVED, another of SINCLAIR'S celebrated open-wrought 28 inch cylinder, which will be sold with or without the Straw Carrier. Apply at once, to save expense of transportation from Baltimore

July 16-tf JAMES M. TOWLES.

Lime, Lime.

EXPECTED DAILY, 50 bbls. fresh LOCKPORT LIME, which will be sold low at Depot.
JAS M. TOWLES
July 16-1w Commission Merchant.

Cotton Yarns.

IN STORE, TWO BALES COTTON YARNS, No. 10, on sale.
JAS M. TOWLES
July 16-1w Commission Merchant.

44 Fayetteville Street.

SELF SEALING ONE AND TWO QUART Front Jars.
J. BROWN.
Raleigh, July 15-tf With Hart & Lewis.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

NOTICE.

WE HAVE BEEN INSTRUCTED TO OFFER the following Goods at New York Cost, viz:

Beautiful China Tea Sets.
Plain white " Dinner "
Handsome " Spittoons.
" " Vases, Mugs and Cups.
" " Toilet Sets.
Cigars and Cigarettes.
Canned Fruits, Strawberries.
Pears, Cherries and Quinces.
Prunes, in large Glass Jars
Tomatoe Catsup and Sauces
A La Mode Beef, in Cans
Mock Turtle " "
Nutmegs, Allspice.
Ground and Race Ginger.
Brimstone, Flour Sulphur.
Indigo, Borax, Soda.
Lemon Syrup, Sweet Oil.
Toilet Soaps, Superior Blacking
Plow Lines, Steel Weeding Hoes.
Trace Chains, Long handle Spades.
Bird, Buck and Squirrel Shot.

And many other goods, all of which we offer at Cost, for Cash down.

W. H. JONES & CO.,
July 15-tf Auc'rs & Com. Merchants.

GENUINE IMPORTED

WINES & LIQUORS.

CHAMPAGNE OF THE FOLLOWING brands:

"Carte Blanche."
"Bonzy Exquis."
"Fleur de Gallery."
"Heidsick."

Choice N. C. Scuppernong, on draught and in cases.

Port, Madeira and Sherry, in cases
Pure French and Apple Brandy.
" Rye and Corn Whiskey
" Holland Gin.
" Jamaica Rum.
" Blackberry Wine
" Brandy.

W. H. JONES & CO.,
July 14-tf Auc. & Com. Merchants.

CORN!
1,000 bushels now in store.
W H JONES & CO.,
July 20-tf Auc'rs & Com. Merchants.

Cheese! Cheese!
Just received a lot of Choice Factory Cheese.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
July 20-tf Auctioneers & Com. Merchants.

Seed Wheat.

CHOICE MARYLAND SEED WHEAT.
A limited consignment
W H JONES & CO.,
July 23-tf Auc'r's and Com Merchants.

BACON.
Choice N. C. Hams, Sides, and Shoulders. Also Western Shoulders, very cheap.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
July 20-tf Auction & Com. Merchants.

Sugar! Sugar!
An assorted supply just received.
July 20-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

J. B. HUNTER & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS,

AND

Produce Commission Merchants,

CORNER HIGH & WATER STREETS,

PORTSMOUTH, Va.,

Will sell in the markets of Norfolk and Portsmouth, Liverpool, or London, Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, Dried Fruit and all marketable Produce.

Liberal advancements made on actual shipments, and personal attention paid to purchase of merchandise.

June 17-3m*

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Best Blood Purifier in the WORLD.

DR. LAWRENCE'S

CELEBRATED

ROSADALIS,

FOR THE CURE OF

SCROFULA, IN ALL ITS FORMS,

SUCH AS

CONSUMPTION IN ITS EARLY STAGES, ENLARGEMENT AND ULCERATION OF THE GLANDS, JOINTS, BONES, LIVER, KIDNEYS, &c.; RHEUMATISM, WHITE SWELLING, MERCURIAL AFFECTIONS, SORE EYES, OLD SORES, DISEASES PECULIAR TO FEMALES, ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN, GENERAL BAD HEALTH,

AND ALL OTHER DISEASES CAUSED

By an Impure State of the Blood.

The following, *among many hundreds* of our best citizens, testify to its *wonderful efficacy.*

Home Certificates from Physicians.

We know Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis to be a safe and RELIABLE Alterative, &c., and take pleasure in recommending it to the profession and the public.

A. D. MOORE, M. D.,
L. A. SITTH, M. D.,
J. H. WINSTEAD, M. D.
R. G. BARHAM, M. D.,
W. A. DUGGAN, M. D.,
C. BARNES, M. D.,
R. W. KING, M. D.,
S. WOODARD, M. D.
W. T. BREWER, M. D.

January 7th, 1868.

I hereby certify that I am personally acquainted with the above named Physicians, and they are all gentlemen of respectability and standing in this community.

T. C. DAVIS, Mayor of Wilson, N. C.

☞ The ROSADALIS thoroughly eradicates every kind of humor and bad taint, and restores the entire system to a healthy condition.

☞ IT IS PERFECTLY HARMLESS, never producing the slightest injury.

☞ It is not a Secret Quack Remedy. The articles of which it is made are published around each bottle, and it is used and endorsed by the Leading Physicians everywhere it is known.

PREPARED ONLY BY

J. J. LAWRENCE, M. D., CHEMIST,

BALTIMORE, MD.,

(Late of Wilson, North Carolina.)

PRICE, $1.50 PER BOTTLE.

☞ Sold WHOLESALE by all the principal WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, in all the large cities of the United States and British America, and retail by Druggists everywhere.

All letters of inquiry, &c., promptly answered. Address

DR. J. J. Lawrence,

Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer,
27 Hanover Street, Baltimore, Md.
Jan 31-148-1y

TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY!

44 Fayetteville Street.

FINE IVORY HANDLED DINNER AND TEA Knives, Plated Forks, Table and Tea Spoons, Good Knives and Forks for Family use, Rogers and Westenholm's Congress Knives

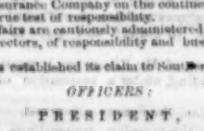
J. BROWN,
Raleigh, July 8-tf With Hart & Lewis.

LIFE INSURANCE.

THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

INCORPORATED IN 1846



ACCUMULATED ASSETS,

$ 20,000,000.00.

ANNUAL INCOME,

$7,530,886.89.

SURPLUS ASSETS OVER $6,000,000.

AVERAGE DIVIDENDS OVER 50 PER CENT.

Insure your life in the CONNECTICUT MUTUAL, which has proven to be the *cheapest, best and most reliable Company in the world,* because it has the largest amount of surplus, largest number of Policy holders, and rates of expenses less. Simply a Mutual Benefit Society—a combination of individuals united to help one another by the *safest* and *best* method known; and if a member cannot make but two or three payments, will receive his proportionate amount.

Will issue Policies on any plan advised.

S. D. WAIT, General Ag't.,
June 2-tf Raleigh, N. C.

The Arlington Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF VIRGINIA.

A VIRGINIA AND SOUTHERN INSTITUTION. ITS FUNDS ARE KEPT IN THE SOUTH. IT HAS MET WITH UNPRECEDENTED SUCCESS. ITS FORTUNES ARE ESTABLISHED BEYOND ANY CONTINGENCY.

The Company has capital and assets, against its liability, that will compare favorably with any Life Insurance Company on the continent, which is the true test of responsibility.

Its affairs are cautiously administered by selected Directors, of responsibility and business capacity.

It has established its claim to Southern Patronage.

OFFICERS:

PRESIDENT,
JOHN E. EDWARDS.

VICE PRESIDENT, WM. B. ISAACS. SECRETARY, D. J. HARTSOOK.

MEDICAL EXAMINER,
CHARLES H. SMITH, M. D.

LEGAL ADVISER, H. C. CABELL. GENERAL AGENT, JNO. H. CLAIBORNE.

DIRECTORS:

John Enders, Henry K. Ellyson,
William F. Taylor, Asa Snyder,
Samuel S. Cottrell, H. E. C. Baskerville,
John Dooley, Samuel C. Tardy,
Charles T. Wortham, George Jacobs,
William Willis, Jr. J. W. Allison,
Ed. A. Smith, George S. Palmer,
Thos. J. Evans, A. D. Cheekley,
James A. Scott, H. C. Cabell,
B. M. Quarles, D. J. Hartsook,
W. H. Tyler, John C. Williams,
J. E. Edwards, William G. Taylor,
A. Y. Stokes, A. P. Abell.
J. B. Morton, W. B. Isaacs,
R. H. Dibrell, George L. Bidgood,
William H. Palmer, Samuel M. Prior.

LEWIS C. HANES, AG'T.
LEXINGTON, N. C.
Jan 28-146-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

DR. R. S. PRIMROSE & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DRUGGISTS,

NEWBERN, N. C.

AGENTS FOR THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA FOR

CRESYLIC SOAPS,

AND

SAPONACEOUS COMPOUNDS,

[PATENTED.]

Manufactured under License solely by

JAMES BUCHAN & CO.,

160 Elizabeth Street, New York.

CRESYLIC ACID, well known as certain in its effects for the above purposes, is now for the first time made available for common use. With license under letters patent, various compounds are being manufactured by the undersigned, whose Family soaps have long been a staple article in the market.

Sheep Dip.

For curing Scab and destroying Insects on Sheep.

5 pound canisters wholesale,	$ 1 25
10 do do do	2 25
50 do kegs, do	10 00
200 do barrels, do	35 00

Proportions are one pound Dip to five gallons water for five to ten sheep, according to size.

Plant Protector.

In solution for destroying and repelling insects from Trees or Plants. In 1 and 3 pound canisters at 50 cents and $1; larger packages same price as sheep Dip.

Cresylic Ointment.

For cure of Foot Rot, &c. In solution for killing insects, &c., on stock. In 3 pound canisters, $1.

Carbolic Disinfecting Soap.

In tablets for convenient use in washing horses, Dogs, Pigs, &c., destroying insects of all kinds, protecting from Flies, curative of Sores, scratches and Cracks of all kinds. 50 cents per lb., or in boxes, 3 dozen tablets, $3 00.

Laundry and No. 1 Soaps.

For use in scrubbing and in the Laundry.—Send for a descriptive pamphlet.

June 25-3m

WALTER CLARK,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

HALIFAX, N. C.

Practices in the Courts of Halifax and adjoining Counties. Also in the Federal Courts and Courts of Bankruptcy.

Jan 29-143-6m

DRY GOODS.

SELLING OUT AT

NEW YORK COST!!

DRY GOODS,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

CROCKERY AND HARDWARE.

OWING TO CONTINUED ILL HEALTH, AND consequent inability to give proper attention to my business, I have concluded to offer my entire stock of

DRY GOODS,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
BOOTS AND SHOES,

Notions and Hosiery, Crockery and Hardware,

AT

NEW YORK COST FOR CASH.

All who are in want of good and fashionable Goods would do well to call at once, before the Goods are picked over.

A. KLINE.

Corner of Fayetteville and Hargett Sts.,
June 26-1m Raleigh, N. C

LOOK OUT FOR BARGAINS,

AT

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S!

YOU MAY FIND

NEW GOODS

Just Received at LOW PRICES.

Our friends shall have Goods as cheap as they can be bought at any other House.

BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN:

SUCH AS **PRINTS** AT 12½ TO 15;

And all DRESS GOODS in proportion.

A good stock of Goods for Boys and Men; N. C. CASSIMERES and JEANS, &c.,

At the old stand of

S. H. YOUNG.

Nov. 27—36-tf

HARDWARE &C.

THOMAS H. BRIGGS,

DEALER IN

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,

IRON, STEEL,
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
CARRIAGE MATERIAL,
PAINTS, VARNISHES,
COLORS, OILS, GLUE AND GLASS.

ALSO

Agents for the sale of

Burr and Esopus Mill Stones, Bolting Cloth,

India Rubber and Leather Belting, Circular Saws, Iron Verandahs, Fences, and all kinds of Ornamental Iron Work.

☞ *Two doors below Southern Express Office.*

April 30-tf

GLASS PRESERVE JARS,
STONE JARS,
JUGS AND CHURNS,
OLD DOMINION NAILS,
MOULDING, BEAD,
JACK AND FORE PLANES.

Just received at

THOS. H. BRIGGS'.

July 10-tf

RALEIGH

SASH, BLIND AND DOOR FACTORY.

All orders promptly attended to.

THOS. H. BRIGGS,
July 10-tf Proprietor.

44 FAYETTEVILLE STREET.

WHITE GRANITE DINNER WARE,
GLASS GOBLETS, TUMBLERS AND WINE GLASSES,
BOWLS AND PITCHERS,
WATER PITCHERS.

Just received and for sale,

J. BROWN,
With Hart & Lewis
Raleigh, N. C., June 30, 1868.

COLLINS & HEATH,
22 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, MD.
"OLD MARYLAND WORKS."

Plumbing,	Mount Vernon, Cook Stove,
Sheet Lead,	Patapsco Cook,
Lead Pipe,	Roger Williams's, Universe Cook,
Iron Pipe,	Bronze Cocks,
Terra Cotta Pipe,	Bronze Range,
Brass Cocks,	European Range,
Plated Cocks,	Magee Range,
Iron, Lead and Zinc Bath Tubs,	Supreme Range,
Tin Bath Tubs with Heaters,	Emerald Range,
Water Closets,	Hayward, Bartlett & Co's Portable Furnaces,
Iron and China Basins,	Magee Furnaces, Portable and Brick,
Hydrants,	Parlor, Church and Stoves in great variety.
Pumps,	All the different styles
Basin Fountains,	of Grates,
Water Wheels,	High Up and Low Down Portable
Garden Vases,	Grates, &c.,
Water-Coolers,	
Refrigerators, &c.	

Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.

May 15-1y

C. W. D. HUTCHINGS & BRO

MANUFACTURERS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN LADIES', GENTS', BOYS' AND WAGON SADDLES,

Coach, Buggy, Cart and Wagon Harness,

BRIDLES AND MARTINGALES and all other goods usually kept in a regular saddlery establishment.

They will sell, a short time, for cash, at a small advance on cost, in order to reduce their heavy stock now on hand.

Citizens and strangers, visiting the City, who wish to purchase goods, will do well to look at our stock, 4th. door North of Post Office and opposite Market Square, Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

Feb 7-154-tf

DIVIDEND.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad have declared a dividend of **THREE PER CENT.** on the Capital Stock of the Company, payable at the Office of the Company, on and after July 15, 1868.

W. W. VASS, Treas'r.
June 27-4July31

RAILROADS.

TO SHIPPERS.

NORTH CAROLINA

ALL STATE

RAILWAY LINES. (FIRST AND TO BE!)

THE OLD RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD, THE SHORTEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND BEST LINE, NORTH AND SOUTH, TO BE LEFT OUT IN THE COLD, UNLESS SHIPPERS SPECIALLY SAY VIA R. & G. R. R!

WE inaugurated and are the *Great through Freight Air Line* route to all points North, and have successfully carried the Line to the entire satisfaction of shippers, North and south, for the last ten years, on the *New Thousand Miles* in North and South Carolina was ready. We paid the State near Seven Hundred Thousand Dollars for her interest in this road, thereby saving the people from Taxation for all time to come to the tune of $70 per year; and we unhesitatingly declare that we can and will give more dispatch to all points, North and South, than any other Line.

NOTICE!

The Great Inland Air Line Freight

R O U T E,

Via THE RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,

is the Short Line for Shippers, and you are required so to direct your freights, or they will be taken by another route!

To insure your Freight being carried over this Great Inland Air Line safely, direct your consignees to mark your Freight, Care of Rail Road Agent, Portsmouth, Va., or City Point Va., via *Raleigh & Gaston Rail Roads,* and to ship 24 hours:

FROM BOSTON:

Merchants & Miners Line, end of Central Wharf, E. Sampson, Agent.

FROM NEW YORK:

Old Dominion Steamship Co., Shipping Point, Pier 37, North River, Foot Beach pl. Office 35, Greenwich St. Cor. Bey; N. L. McCready, President.

FROM PHILADELPHIA:

(Via Annamessa,) Phila., Wilmington and Baltimore Steam, or Clyde's Line of Steamers, 14 N. Delaware Avenue, W. P. Clyde, Agent.

FROM BALTIMORE:

Baltimore Steam Packet Co., Bay Line Steamers, Boat Union Dock, foot of Pratt Street, Wesch, Pershaw Steam Boat Co., 20 Light Street.

C. D. ALLEN,
Agent Raleigh & Gaston R. R.
Aug 6-205-tf Gaston N. C.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD CO., SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, Raleigh, N. C., May 20th, 1868.

On and after May 26th, 1868, Trains will run on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, as follows:

Mail Train leaves Raleigh	3.15 A. M.
Arrives at Weldon	2.02 P. M.
Mail Train leaves Weldon	10.35 A. M.
Arrives at Raleigh	9.16 P. M.
Freight Train leaves Raleigh	1.15 P. M.
Arrives at Raleigh	10.05 A. M.

The Mail Trains make Through connections with all points North and South.

A. B. ANDREWS,
may 21-tf Supt. of Transportation.

NORFOLK ADVERTISEMENTS

ESTABLISHED 1851.

KADER BIGGS. JOS. J. BIGGS.

KADER BIGGS & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

AND

Gener Commission Merchants.

NORFOLK, Va.

SPECIAL AND ENTIRE ATTENTION to sales of Cotton and all other kinds of produce and prompt returns made.

Our long experience in business gives us superior advantages in making sales at the highest market prices.

Cotton forwarded to Liverpool free of commission.

Liberal advances made on produce in hand.

Refer to A. M. Mordecai, Esq., Gaston; Thos. Bragg, and Hon. R. F. Moore, Raleigh; A. T. Mial, Esq., Wake; Col. Adam J. Heath, Smithfield; Maj. D. S. Ashe, Lumberton; Gen. Joshua Barnes, Wilson; Hon. Asa Biggs, Tarboro, and Messrs. John Myers & Son, Washington.

Norfolk, Va., June 2—tf

STAVES WANTED.

We will CONTRACT for, or purchase at MARKET prices on arrival,

500,000 Red Oak Hhd. Staves,	
350,000 White Oak Hhd. "	
100,000 White Oak " Heading,	Norfolk
75,000 White Oak Pipe Staves,	Inspection.
50,000 White Oak Hhd "	

The White Oak Staves and Heading will be received as soon as they can be delivered. The red Oaks, from September to January next.

Instructions, and full particulars for getting Staves properly, furnished on application to

CHARLES REID & SON,
Mar 19—tf Norfolk, Va.

DR. JORDAN, OF NORFOLK, VA.

TREATS DISEASES OF THE THROAT, WINDPIPE AND LUNGS,

By a modification of the plan of the late Dr. Horner, of New York, with a success beyond any other treatment ever instituted.

He has devoted much time and treated Female Complaint, hitherto considered incurable, with gratifying results. Skin diseases of the most inveterate character, he has had the good fortune to cure in a short time.

Norfolk is one of the best retreats for patients of either class on the American Continent.

Norfolk, Va., June 15 tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

GRAIN AND FLOUR SACKS!

THE OLD ESTABLISHED

"Corn Exchange Bag Manufactory"

is prepared to furnish GRAIN SACKS of any desired size or quality, and at short notice. Also COTTON AND PAPER FLOUR SACKS neatly printed to order.

Information promptly furnished upon application

W. B. ASTEN & CO.,

June 17-3m 25 PEARL ST., New York City.

FRESH PEACHES!!

50 dozen 3 lb., Cans (qts.) $4 00 per doz.
15 " 6 lb., " (gals.) $8 00 " "
ALL WARRANTED FRESH.

The Cans are sealed with wax and can be used again.

Apply to
E. H. POGUE,
Feb. 19-161-tf Williamsboro, N. C.

Important to Printers.

A GOOD PRINTER, capable of conducting a good Weekly paper, of reliable character and sober habits, or a gentleman with some means who is desirous of becoming an Editor, can hear of a situation in an intelligent community, in the Eastern part of this State. The necessary materials will be found on hand to begin, on moderate terms, for the continuation of a weekly paper, on application to

June 15-3w EDITORS OF SENTINEL.

PRINTER'S NEWS INK

FOR THE accommodation of our contemporaries in the State, we propose to keep on hand a quantity of NEWSPAPER INK, manufactured in Philadelphia, and will sell it, for cash, at Philadelphia prices. We have it in kegs of 50 and 25 pounds each, at 20 cts. per pound. The cash must accompany orders. Apply to the

Apr. 6-tf EDITORS OF THE SENTINEL.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The Sentinel is published every day, except Sunday, on the following terms:

Three months	$1 00
Six months	4 00
One year	8 00
Semi-Weekly Sentinel one year	4 00
" " " six months	2 00
Weekly Sentinel, one year	2 00
" " six months	1 00

THE SENTINEL.

WILLIAM E. PELL, | SEATON GALES, EDITORS.

MONDAY, JULY 27, 1868

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET!

FOR PRESIDENT,

HON. HORATIO SEYMOUR,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

GEN. FRANK P. BLAIR,

OF MISSOURI.

RADICALS ALARMED!—THREATS OF ARMING ONE PORTION OF THE PEOPLE AGAINST THE OTHER!!

One of the best evidences of the utter consternation which prevails in the Radical ranks, in view of the extraordinary demonstrations in favor of Seymour and Blair, is the increased bitterness exhibited by them in Congress, and in the Legislatures of the "reconstructed" States, towards the Conservative people. The temper of such men as Wilson, Drake, Morton, Yates, Conness, Howard, and others of the Senate, is not exceeded in bitterness and abuse by that of the most ordinary scape graces of the lower House.

The telegram was certainly mistaken in saying that Dewese's war speech, the other day, mortified the Radicals. It was a fit chorus for the general tenor of feeling evinced by the usurpers and revolutionists of Congress, who see, in the signs of the times, their condemnation, and whose only hope of success is to involve again the country in bloodshed,—to array the races against each other, in order to furnish a plea for the utter destruction of the whites in the South who have any claim to respectability and worth, and a reason for stealing the lands of the Southern people, as they have been stealing, for the last seven years, the earnings of the honest and industrious people of the North, to support their destructive schemes.

The purpose to place the arms of the government in the hands of the so called loyal Governors is perfectly apparent. It is designed, first, as a bravado, to make the Southern people entirely acquiescent in their schemes and plans of fraud in the approaching elections. The idea of affording protection to loyal men or enforcing the laws is a falsehood, a pretence, with no shadow of truth, and simply gotten up for the hour. They know that the Union men are in no danger, except from their own lawlessness and disregard of the rights and claims of others; nor has the law or the peace of society been menaced, except when the assumptions and oppressive conduct of the Radicals have forced our people to resent them. Secondly, their object is to arm the blacks against the whites, in order to stir up a conflict between races, and thus force war and bloodshed upon us. The statement of Gov. Morton, and others, in the Senate, that the whites of the South were armed, and the blacks defenceless, is a palpable falsehood. The first object of the government or the military, after the war closed, was to take away the arms of the whites and give them to the negroes.—Sickles then prohibited the wearing of fire-arms, which was never enforced except in cases of white persons. Almost every negro in the South is in possession of a deadly weapon, while thousands of white men are entirely destitute. Shall they remain so? Shall these Congressional and Legislative threats of arming one portion of the community against the other, be allowed to pass over our heads unnoticed and unimproved? Shall these schemes of wholesale butchery of the white people—these hyena threats of Congressmen and Legislators,—make our people timid and cowardly and succumb to them? We hope not. We are still freemen, and we hope we never intend to be slaves. Our constitutional rights we must never surrender. The right to vote, and the right to bear arms, are what the Constitution guarantees to us, and these must never be surrendered. Let the people open their eyes to the dangers which threaten them.

THE ASHBURN MURDER.—Some of our readers are aware that, some months ago, a carpet-bagger named Ashburn, who had rendered himself quite obnoxious to his particular associates, was killed in Columbus, Ga. Investigations led to no discovery of the murderers. Under the instructions of Gen. Meade, a large reward was offered for evidence, &c. In a short time, the military arrested some twenty or thirty of the respectable citizens of Columbus, who were imprisoned, put in chains and dungeons, and afterwards sent to Atlanta for trial before a Military Commission. Hon. A. H. Stephens became one of the principal defenders of the accused, and Joseph E. Brown, known in the better days of Georgia as her Governor, conducted the prosecution, with others.

The investigations, so far, have convinced the public that the entire testimony was suborned by the money offered as a reward; that the parties accused were innocent, and that the trial exhibited one of the most remarkable cases of perjured testimony ever brought to light. Georgia having been reconstructed, the Military Commission is dissolved and the accused have been turned over to the civil authorities. A telegram announces that all the witnesses have gone North,—thus confirming the general conviction that they were all perjured villians, bought up to convict innocent people.

THE CHATHAM RAIL ROAD.

Under its modified charter, which has been accepted by the Stockholders, this Road, as our readers are aware, becomes closely allied with the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad, and has been put under the control of its officers, whose well known promptness, energy and skill in management will soon complete it.

While we have great respect for the character and services of the late Dr. Emmons, we have, for some time, entertained serious doubts about the value of the mineral wealth of the Deep River region. The coal and the iron are there, to some extent, but whether they are there in sufficient quantity, or can be obtained cheaply enough, to enable them to compete in the markets of the world with other mines, is exceedingly dubious. The professions and expectations of great mineral wealth on the Deep River led to the projection of the Railroad from Fayetteville to Egypt, and of the Chatham Road, from Page's to the Gulf. It is now quite certain, that the mineral wealth of Deep River alone will not sustain these two Roads, and hence they must look to their extension in other directions.

We beg leave to call the attention of our readers, interested in these Railroad matters, to certain memoranda prepared at our request, by a friend, upon the subject of the extension of the Chatham Railroad, which will be found in another column.

We observe that Railroad men, as a general rule, look so closely to the special good of their own Roads, that they are too apt to conclude that "if our Road is successful, *therefore*, it must *be* a general good." As public journalists, we are obliged to take a different view of these matters. We first endeavor to ascertain what is to effect the greatest good of the greatest number, and then we think we may very safely conclude that what contributes to their general benefit must *pay*, if not at once, at least in the long run.

We confess that the examination, we have been able to make, inclines us strongly to urge the extension of the Chatham Road to Jonesboro, instead of the Gulf, and then aid to the people of Fayetteville to build the Road from that place to Florence, making a shorter route to Columbia. No people in the State merit more aid of this sort than those of Fayetteville. Indeed, the whole Cape Fear region has been proverbial for its liberality, in regard to internal improvements. We are aware that joining hands with Fayetteville will not directly facilitate the anxieties of many to see the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road, by the agency of the Chatham Road, extended to the Southwest, so as to form, at a good point, a junction with the Road from Charlotte to Atlanta, thus reducing the distance greatly on the great line of Southern travel. But to extend the Road to Jonesboro, and thus form a junction with the Fayetteville Road, instead of going to the Gulf, would lessen the expense, open up a new source of freight and travel to the Raleigh and Gaston Road from the upper Cape Fear region, and would furnish a better route for the Chatham Road in the direction of the Southwest, than to go to the Gulf. The building of the Florence Road from Fayetteville would greatly benefit the Chatham Road, and the cost of construction would be so inconsiderable that it could not seriously interfere with the other project in another direction. We hope the matter will be thoroughly canvassed, and that Fayetteville and Raleigh will be speedily more closely united by Rail Road connection.

HOWARD AMENDMENT.

Congress has declared the Fourteenth Amendment to be a part of the Constitution. Mr. Seward has so declared, with two or three *ifs*. The case stands thus: Twenty-three States only, including Ohio and New Jersey, voted for the amendment at the first voting. At the same time, Maryland, Delaware, Kentucky, California, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Louisiana, Texas, Mississippi and Arkansas voted against it; *i. e.* 23 to 14—not two-thirds. It is, therefore, plain that, at the simultaneous voting of the States, the amendment was defeated. Mr. Seward says, *if* now you count the votes of Ohio and New Jersey for it, which States have since changed their votes, and *if* you count the votes of North Carolina, South Carolina, Arkansas, Louisiana, Georgia and Florida, which changed their votes and voted for it, in order to *become* States of the Union, then, in that case, the Howard amendment is a part of the Constitution.

But it will not be disputed by sound lawyers, that Ohio and New Jersey *had* the right to change their votes *before* the amendment was ratified; therefore, throwing out Ohio and New Jersey, the amendment is not a part of the Constitution.

But again, none but States of the Union, recognized as such, have a right to vote on an amendment to the Constitution. If the States cannot change their votes in the case, then the Southern States cannot change theirs, and, to be consistent, the Radicals must require them to vote again on the question, now that they admit them to be States of the Union.

THE WASHINGTON correspondent of the Baltimore *Sun* says that the parties favoring the new impeachment are few in number, (confined mainly to the carpet baggers,) and the project will doubtless be abandoned for lack of general support among the Republican members, most of whom concede the constitutional right of the President to freely discuss the question submitted in the Electoral bill, in substance and in form as to him may seem fit and proper. Others confess their inability to discover cause of impeachment in the late message, even if the right of the President to submit his views were not conceded.

THE REAL offense of the South is that she has submitted to the results of the war in good faith, instead of giving the *pretext* that was desired by her extreme enemies for confiscation and extermination.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BY AUTHORITY OF CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION.

SENATE.

SATURDAY, July 25, 1868.

The Senate was called to order at 10 o'clock.

Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Blythe, Senator from Henderson.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

Mr. Forkner, from the Committee on Internal Improvement, to whom was referred a bill authorizing the Air Line Railroad Company in South Carolina to construct and extend their Road in this State, proposed amendments, which were adopted, and the bill passed its final reading by the following vote: Ayes 26, Nays 5.

By the same: A bill confirming the charter of the North Western North Carolina Railroad Company; reported favorably.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS.

By Mr. Moore, of Carteret: A bill proposing to amend section 2, chapter 120, of the Revised Code. (This bill authorizes the Governor, when he may think it necessary, to appoint a Commissioner of Wrecks.)

By Mr. Welker: A bill to limit the liabilities of Sheriffs.

By the same: A bill to regulate capital executions. (This bill provides that all executions shall be conducted privately.)

By Mr. Osborne: A bill to amend the charter of the Atlantic, Tennessee and Ohio Railroad Co.

By Mr. Cook: A bill providing for the organization of the State Militia.

Mr. Cook moved a suspension of the rules, so as to let the bill pass its second reading, *simply by reading the title of the bill*, as its length would consume much time.

The motion was lost, and the bill was referred to the Committee on Military Affairs, under a suspension of the rules.

By Mr. Hayes: A resolution proposing to print two thousand copies of each bill relating to county offices and county governments, passed by the General Assembly, for distribution.

An amendment reducing the number to one thousand was accepted.

Messrs. Osborne, Robbins, Welker and Lassiter opposed the resolution.

The President decided that all matters relating to printing should be referred to the Committee on Printing, and the reference was made.

A bill concerning inspection for the City of Wilmington came up, and was amended, on motion of A. H. Galloway, (negro,) as follows: "The Governor shall appoint seven Inspectors of Naval Stores, Shingles and Wood, four Inspectors of timber, lumber and staves."

Galloway stated that these suggestions were made by the old Board of Inspectors and merchants of the City, and he would state, for the information of the Senate, that, through his influence, the disabilities of the old Board had been removed.

The bill passed its final reading.

A bill requiring the Trustees of the University to reside in the counties, for which they *may be chosen hereafter*, passed its third reading.

A message was received from the House, transmitting a bill for the relief of H. B. Guthrie, late Sheriff of Orange County.—[This bill allows the late Sheriff until January, 1869, to collect and pay in back taxes.]

On motion of Mr. Etheridge, it passed its second reading, under a suspension of the rules.

On motion, the Senate adjourned.

[During the morning proceedings, Mr. Wynne rose to a question of privilege. He alluded to a note in the *Sentinel* report of proceedings. He did not know, from the grammar, who "wept,"—himself or the Reporter. He did not see the Reporter *weep*, and he (Mr. W.) didn't weep. If *he* was meant, he had been misrepresented. He knew the Senior Editor of the *Sentinel*, and had the highest regard and esteem for him, and felt sure that *he* would not misrepresent him. He did not object to the official report, but to the "note." It was that which misrepresented him. "If we have a Jeremiah here, (said Mr. W.) let the Reporter report "Jeremiah" and not him," (Mr. W.) The Reporter can only say in reply, that Mr. Wynne's speech was certainly a *Jeremiad*, and that the occasion was a *melting* one, generally. The Reporter certainly disclaims all intention of misrepresenting Mr. Wynne. But Mr. W. is hypercritical. The sentence to which he refers is *not* ungrammatical.]

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

[BY UNDERGROUND RAILROAD.]

SATURDAY, July 25, 1868.

The House was called to order at 10 o'clock.

Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Shaver, of the House.

Mr. Sinclair called up his resolution in regard to the employment of another Clerk. He said it was essentially necessary that they should have an Assistant Reading Clerk, as the present one could not be fully understood. His enunciation was so imperfect, and his inability to read, with any degree of accuracy, the different handwritings presented at the desk, so great, that the Principal Clerk and the Speaker were occupied a greater part of their time *in reading for him*. Therefore, he offered the resolution in order to facilitate business, and moved a suspension of the rules.—Carried.

Mr. Smith, of Alleghany, opposed the resolution, as it would materially increase the expenses of the session, and called for the yeas and nays upon its passage.

The roll was called, and the resolution was lost, by a vote of yeas 4, nays 50.

By Mr. Ellis: A resolution to hold afternoon sessions after Monday next, which, after some discussion, was adopted.

Downing arose to a question of privilege. He said that in the debate which occurred upon the passage of the bill to provide for the installation of officers, he had read to the House an extract from a letter written to him by a Republican friend from his county, in which his correspondent had attributed to the Conservative party the fixed determination to resist the authority of the existing government. He now held in his hand a letter from D. A. Covington, of his county, which branded the assertion of his correspondent as vilely false, and denied any intention, on the part of the Conservative party, to hinder or obstruct the enforcement of the law. He (Downing) asked permission to read the letter.

Consent being given, he then proceeded to read the letter, when

Mr. Ellis moved to spread this letter on the Journal.

After some display of malignity and of lack of sense, by an individual, by the name of Ashworth, from Randolph County,

Foster, (c. b.) moved to lay the motion on the table, and the motion *prevailed*.

A message was received from the Senate, refusing to concur in the report of the Committee on *per diem*.

By Sykes, (negro,): A resolution allowing *per diem* to one J. J. Sawyer, employed as Enrolling clerk before the election of the regular one. Lies over.

CALENDAR.

Senate bill No. 89, extending the time for the registering of grants, deeds, and powers of attorney, for one year, passed its final reading. (The provisions of the bill do not apply to the registering of mortgages, deeds of trust and marriage contracts.)

Mr. Bowman moved to place the bill reported by the Code Commissioners, entitled "An act concerning the government of counties," upon the Calendar. Carried.

House bill No. 32, giving to Medical Colleges in this State power to dissect bodies, together with the report of the Committee to whom it was referred, was now taken up and read, with amendments. The amendments reported by the Committee were adopted.

Foster (c. b.) moved to further amend by inserting, after the word "dissect," the words "disinfect and embalm."

Mr. Sinclair suggested that this country was not *Egypt*, (very much like it, Mr. S.,) and that the Medical Schools of the United States very seldom engaged in the *mummy trade*.

Foster retaliated by an allusion to some people, who desired to ride upon the backs of both parties into office.

After some further bickering, the amendment was put, and lost; and the bill passed its several readings, was ordered to be engrossed and sent to the Senate.

Harris, of Wake, negro, from the Committee on Propositions and Grievances, (by consent,) submitted a report recommending the adoption of the resolution in favor of H. B. Guthrie, late Sheriff of Orange County.

Mr. Bowman moved to suspend the rules and adopt; which, after some colloquy, prevailed, and the resolution was adopted.

Morris (negro) gave notice for Seymour, that he (Seymour) would, at some future day, introduce a bill to amend the charter of the Atlantic Fire Engine Company, in Newbern.

By ——: A bill to repeal an act entitled "An act to appoint a tax collector for the County of Wayne." Referred.

Stevens moved to suspend the rules, in order to consider the bill, introduced by himself, to change the time required for notice in contested elections, from 30 to 10 days.

The motion was put and lost, from the fact that a quorum did not vote, when

The Chair ordered a call of the House.—The Clerk called the roll and 71 members answered to their names.

Hodgin called up the bill to provide for the filling of vacancies occurring in offices provided for in art. 7 of the Constitution of the State. The bill was taken up and passed its several readings, and was ordered to be engrossed and sent to the Senate.

Mr. Pou renewed the motion of Stevens. The motion was put and the rules were suspended and the bill put on its third reading.

Mr. Sinclair wished to know if the bill was retro-active in its operation.

Mr. Argo stated that he would support the bill, if it was not so.

Mr. Pou said that the bill, in his opinion, could *not* have any retrospective tendency, and proceeded to draw a nice distinction between "remedy and right." He thought the bill, even if applied to elections already held, would infringe upon no article in the Constitution.

Mr. Argo moved to amend, so as to restrict the operation of the bill to future elections.

Mr. Sinclair agreed with Mr. Argo.

Foster (c. b.) could not see any retro-active qualities in the bill.

Mr. Argo made an able argument against the bill in its present shape, in which he quoted Chancellor Kent's definition of an *ex post facto* law, which was applicable in every sense to the subject under discussion, and in conclusion stated that if his amendment, restricting the operation of the bill, was adopted, he would support it.

Mr. Jarvis said that the objects of the bill were too palpable for discussion, and there was no disguising the fact that it was introduced *for the express purpose of* unseating the gentleman from Camden, (Mr. Perchee,) in whose case there had been found the thirty days difficulty in the Revised Code,—which difficulty unquestionably originated this bill. For if this is not true, why not adopt Mr. Argo's amendment? Mr. Jarvis, then, in a searching and effective argument, proceeded to lay bare the contemptible motives which prompted the measure.

Several Radicals arose and disavowed the motive charged by Mr. Jarvis, but Mr. Jarvis cut the matter short, by stating that he *heard a Republican*, prominently connected with the bill, *express such motives as he had attributed to them*.

Candler argued in support of Mr. Argo's amendment. He did not think 10 days notice sufficient in *every* case, and certainly not in remote counties. He moved to lay the whole matter upon the table.

Gunter called for the yeas and nays. The call was sustained, and the roll, being called, resulted in the adoption of the motion, by a vote of yeas 42, nays 35.

A message was read from the Senate, concurring in the resolution to select a site for a State Penitentiary.

A message was received from the same body, returning the House resolution in regard to the appointment, by the "Governor," of Inspectors for the city of Wilmington, with amendments.

On motion of Mr. Bowman, the amendments were concurred in.

On motion of Stilly, the House then adjourned.

Four years ago, the following, among other distinguished men, were against the Democracy. Now they heartily support Seymour and Blair: Andrew Johnson, President of the United States. Salmon P. Chase, Chief Justice of the United States.—Gideon Welles, Secretary of the Navy. O. H. Browning, Secretary of the Interior.—James R. Doolittle, United States Senator from Wisconsin. James Dixon, United States Senator from Connecticut. Montgomery Blair, late Postmaster-General.—Francis P. Blair, the friend and adviser of Andrew Jackson. Stephen J. Field, Associate Justice of the United States Supreme Court. Henry Stanbery, late Attorney General of the United States. This by no means completes the list.

WHAT IS COMING.—The impression is becoming stronger here every day that the country is about to pass through a much more trying ordeal than was the war of the rebellion. As an evidence of the deep feeling here, it can be stated an ex-General of the Federal army, now on business here, gave it as his solemn conviction that before the close of a year from this date death by hanging will be witnessed within the walls of the capitol. If the schemes concocted by the Jacobins, by which to seize upon the Government, be attempted to be put into execution, General —— says he confidently expects to see members of Congress hung in their respective chambers—as the surest means of arresting the revolution and saving the country.—*Wash. letter in Balt. Gazette.*

DAVID MCRAE, ESQ.—We learn from private letters to this city, accompanied by copies of a daily paper, published in Scotland, that the above author has commenced a series of sketches concerning his tour through America. Mr. McRae, however, does not intend resting here. It is his intention to embody in book form a complete history of his travels, abounding with anecdotes, incidents and observations regarding the people and country.—*Wilmington Star.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DRIED AND GREEN FRUIT.

We pay special attention to the sale of all kinds of Dried and Green Fruit at this season.
It will pay to ship Good Green Fruit.
J. B. HUNTER & CO.,
General Commission Merchants,
July 27-1m Portsmouth, Va.

PISTOL STOLEN!—$10 REWARD.

Stolen from my Office, on Saturday morning, one new COLT'S POCKET PISTOL, No. 2,876. This Pistol had been loaded for some time, and was in a yellow leather holster.
E. BURKE HAYWOOD, M. D.
July 27-1f

TO TOBACCONISTS.

We invite the attention of Tobacconists to our large stock of Branding Brushes, Inks, Gums and Flavoring Materials, such as

Oil Aniseed	Angelica or Eel Root
" Bergamot	Orris Root
" Cinnamon	Snake Root
" Citronella	Valerian Root
" Geraninm	Cardamon Seed
" Lemon	Coriande Seed
" Mirbane	Fennel Seed
" Nutmegs	Aniseed
" Sassafras	Mace
" Wintergreen	Nutmegs
" Orange	Gum Styrax
" Allspice	Gum Arabic
" Cinnamon Bark	Gum Gedda
" Cloves	Sweet Oil, &c.
" Tonka Beans.	

JORDAN & CARR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
Corner Sycamore and Washington Streets,
July 27-1f Petersburg, Va.

DR. CHALONER'S CHOLERA MEDICINE cures Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Cramps and Pains in the Stomach and Bowels.
For sale by JORDAN & CARR,
Petersburg, July 27-1f Druggists.

OIL OF BAY LEAVES!

The best article known for beautifying and preserving the HAIR. Prepared and sold by
JORDAN & CARR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
Sycamore, corner Washington St.
July 27-1f Petersburg, Va.

METROPOLITAN HOTEL,
FORMERLY
BROWN'S,
WASHINGTON, D. C.
POTTS & SHELLEY, Proprietors
July 25-2w

For Sale,
FORTY SHARES OF N. C. R. R. STOCK.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
July 24-tf Auction & Com. Merchants.

FIFTY BARRELS PORTO RICO AND CUBA Sugars. For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

TWENTY BBLS. EXTRA "C" SUGAR.
For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

TWENTY BBLS. COMMON SUGARS.
For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

CRUSHED AND PULVERIZED SUGARS.
For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

THIRTY SACKS GOOD RIO COFFEE.
For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

TWENTY SACKS PRIME RIO COFFEE.
For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

TWENTY POCKETS FINE LAGUIRA.
For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.
July 24-tf

CAMPAIGN OF 1868!

Old Iron-Clad First in the Field!!

TUCKER'S
IRON FRONT BUILDING!!!

WE ARE AGAIN RECEIVING A NEW SUPPLY OF
STAPLE AND FANCY
DRY GOODS,
CONSISTING OF
SUMMER AND FALL PRINTS,
Bleached and Unbleached Domestics,
SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS,
MUSQUITO NETTINGS,
FANS! FANS!! FANCY!!!
UMBRELLAS! UMBRELLAS! & SHOES.
TRUNKS AND CARPET BAGS!

Stock daily supplied by our resident Partner in New York.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.,
Raleigh, July 23, 1868-tf

G. T. & W. C. STRONACH,
GROCERS
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FOR THE SALE OF COTTON, NAVAL STORES AND PRODUCE OF ALL KINDS.
MARKET SQUARE,
RALEIGH, N. C.
July 23-tf

25 KEGS OF FINE POWDER.
For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

25 KEGS ENGLISH SODA.
For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

25 KEGS OF STARCH.
Arriving.
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

10 BBLS. COMMON SYRUP,
For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

2,000 LBS. SUGAR-CURED HAMS.
For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

5,000 LBS. BALTIMORE SIDES
For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

50 VERY LARGE TUBS.
For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

1,200 LBS. OF LARD,
For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

20 BUCKETS OF LARD, (25 lbs.)
Arriving.
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.
July 23-tf

COLLEGES AND SCHOOLS.

Louisburg Female College,
FRANKLIN CO., N. C.

THE FALL SESSION OF 1868 will begin on the 13th day of August.
The success of the institution, under its present administration, has far surpassed the expectations of its most sanguine friends.

CHARGES PER SESSION OF 20 WEEKS:
Board (exclusive of washing and lights) and Tuition in the regular English course and Ancient Languages, $100. Extra Studies moderate. $50 in advance,—remainder at the end of the session.

ADVANTAGES.
An able, energetic, and successful Faculty; an extensive and wisely arranged course of study; a judicious and thorough system of instruction; a select Chemical and Philosophical apparatus; a good Library; fine Musical Instruments; a beautiful, pleasant and healthful location; a large, commodious building, with rooms well ventilated and well warmed in winter; excellent water, good fare; kind attention to the wants of the pupils; mild and efficient government, and ample Religious privileges.
For Circulars, containing full particulars, apply to T. M. JOSLIN,
June 15-tf President.

Wake Forest College, N. C,

THE FALL TERM OF THIS INSTITUTION will open on the first day of August, 1868, with the prospect of increased patronage and success. The complete assurance given at the recent Commencement, of the adaptedness of the University system to the wants of the times, and of its feasibility, encourages its friends to believe that the College has entered upon a career of popularity and usefulness hitherto unknown in its history. The financial embarrassments to which all Southern Colleges have been subjected are not felt to the same extent at Wake Forest, as at some others, in consequence of the considerable amount of original endowment saved, and of the favorable reception with which the Agent of the College meets in securing additional funds. An expenditure of more than $2,000 has been recently made in improving the condition of the building and grounds.
Determined to bring its advantages within reach of the largest number possible, the Trustees, seconded by the community, have reduced the price of Board and Tuition to the lowest practicable rates.
The officers of instruction are gentlemen of tried ability in their several departments, and the success attending their efforts in the past is the best guarantee the public can have for the future.
The location of the College, in point of healthfulness and accessibility, (being situated on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, a few miles from the Capital of the State,) is not surpassed by that of any other in the land; while the moral and social influences connected with and surrounding it, and the peculiar discipline enforced, present inducements to patronage of no ordinary kind.
A system of PUBLIC LECTURES on literary and scientific subjects has been introduced, with a view to increase the interest of the young men in the several departments of study, and to furnish additional incentives to investigation and research.
Extensive and well selected LIBRARIES belonging to the Societies, and complete APPARATUS, PHILOSOPHICAL and CHEMICAL, are not to be omitted in the enumeration of the advantages possessed.
Another encouraging feature is that there are, at present, thirteen young men engaged in studies preparatory to the work of the Ministry; and it may not be amiss to state that any Minister, who may apply for admission, will receive tuition in all the departments free of charge, and those of this class, who are without means, are encouraged to apply to the Board of Education for further assistance.

EXPENSES IN CURRENCY:

Tuition for Preparatory School (per Session)	$30 00
" " Collegiate Course "	35 00
Board per week in private families (table fare)	2 50 to 3 00
Board, per week, with lodging,	3 00 to 3 75
Room rent (to those lodging in College Building) per session	8 00
Servants' hire "	3 00
Washing, per month,	1 50

No Student is permitted to register his name until College dues are paid.
W. T. BROOKS,
June 29-d&wt1Aug15 Sec. Board of Trustees.

Mecklenburg Female College.
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
REV. A. G. STACY, A. M., President.

NEXT SCHOOL YEAR WILL COMMENCE October 1st, 1868.
A full corps of able and accomplished Instructors will be at their posts.
Rates as low as can be afforded in a first class Female College. The last scholastic year has just closed. One hundred and fifty-four pupils having been enrolled. Address
THE PRESIDENT,
July 14-tf Charlotte, N. C.

Warrenton Female Institute,
WARRENTON, N. C.

THE FIFTY-FIFTH SESSION will commence July 16th, 1868, with a full corps of efficient and experienced Instructors.
BOARD AND ENGLISH TUITION: One hundred dollars per session.
For further particulars, address
REV. W. C. HUNTER,
MRS. M. J. WILCOX,
Or REV. M. M. MARSHALL.
June 27-2awim

Edgeworth Female Seminary.

THIS INSTITUTION WILL BE re-opened on the first Monday of September, with a full corps of Teachers.
The *entire* expense of Tuition, with Board, Washing and contingent fee, for a session of 20 weeks, will be, according to the class, either $105 or $110, or $116, if paid in advance, or $116,50 or $121,50, or $126 50, if paid half in advance.
Moderate extra charges will be made for ANCIENT and MODERN LANGUAGES, MUSIC, FRENCH, DRAWING and OIL PAINTING.
For Circulars, address
J. M. M CALDWELL,
July 10-eod1m Greensboro', N. C.

MRS. LACY'S SCHOOL
FOR YOUNG LADIES.
RALEIGH, N. C.

The FIFTH TERM of this School will commence on MONDAY, the 3rd of August, 1868, and continue twenty weeks.
Six pupils can be accommodated as boarders.
Circulars sent on application
DR. LACY'S School for Boys will be discontinued. He will give such instruction in the Girls' School as may be desired.
July 10-3awtd

TRINITY COLLEGE, N. C.

THE FALL TERM commences Aug. 5, 1868.

EXPENSES.

Tuition, per term	$30 00
Tuition in Preparatory and Special Schools	20 00 to 30 00
Board, including furnished room, per month	11 00 to 12 00
Whole expense, including tuition, board, washing, fuel and Janitor's fee, per term	75 00 to 95 00

All expenses to be paid in currency; board monthly in advance; Tuition, one half in advance, the remainder at the middle of the term; books and stationery on delivery.
Any departure from these regulations must be by special arrangement.
Indigent young men and patrons, desiring some indulgence, should correspond with the President of the Faculty.
For full information as to course of study, Special Schools, &c., send for a Catalogue.
On all matters pertaining to the College, apply to Dr. Craven, Trinity College N. C.
L. T. WYCHE
July 2-eod2w Sec. Board Trustees.
Wilmington Journal, Norfolk Journal, Danville Times, Charlotte Democrat and Wadesboro Argus publish four times each, and send bill to Rev. Dr. Craven, at Trinity.

TO LAND OWNERS.

HAVING BEEN APPOINTED, BY THE AMERICAN AGRICULTURAL AND MINERAL LAND COMPANY, Agent for all that part of North Carolina lying east of and including Catawba County, I am authorized to say, to any person or persons having 2,000 acres in one body, partially cleared and near a Rail Road, that if they will agree to subdivide their lands at the expense of the Company, the Company will purchase alternate lots at their assessed value for taxation or as ascertained by two disinterested parties, paying for the same in the Company's stock—the Company obligating itself to place a white settler on every 200 acres, so acquired, within three years, or, failing to do so, such land unsettled to revert to the original owner; the owner to retain possession until the land is settled.
The object of this system is to bring into the State an industrious and thrifty population and to enhance the value of our lands. It has been adopted in other States and is said to be working finely.
This Company was chartered by our Legislature of 1866. Land owners will please address me for particulars at Reidville, N. C.
May 23, 1868-wdawtf D. W. COURTS,

BOOK STORES.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,
BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
OPPOSITE NATIONAL BANK,
RALEIGH, N. C.
KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND
A LARGE STOCK OF
SCHOOL BOOKS,
STANDARD WORKS,
MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS, STATIONERY, FANCY ARTICLES, &c., &c.
Together with every article usually kept in their line of business.
AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.

AGENTS FOR
WILCOX & GIBBS' FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.
June 22-3m

L. BRANSON, J. A. JONES
Ag't N. C. Business Directory.
BRANSON & JONES,
SUCCESSORS TO
Branson, Farrar & Co.,
CONTINUE THE BOOK BUSINESS AT THE same stand, near Tucker Hall, and still keep on hand a supply of
BOOKS AND STATIONERY,
at reduced prices.
Consignments of second hand Law and Miscellaneous Books solicited.
Particular attention paid to orders.
BRANSON & JONES,
Jan 29 148-tf Raleigh, N. C.

NICHOLSON'S ENCYCLOPEDIA, in 6 vols. Just received and for sale at
BRANSON & JONES
June 19-tf Raleigh.

New and Elegant Books,
JUST RECEIVED!
Globe edition of Dickens' Works.
" " Bulwer's "
" " Shakespeare's "
" " Burns' and others
Abbottsford Waverly Novels.
All new, nice and cheap, at
July 4-tf BRANSON & JONES'.

MISCELLANEOUS

Land for Sale.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED to sell, very cheap, a tract of Land containing 350 ACRES, lying in the County of Nash, on the road leading from Nashville to Warrenton.
Sixty acres are in a good state of cultivation, one hundred and fifty acres in second growth, and three hundred and forty acres in original growth of Oak, Hickory and Pine. The land is well watered and the location very healthy; Dwelling House with three rooms, and all necessary out-houses, negro cabins, &c. The land produces, finely, Corn Wheat, Cotton, &c., and the prospect for "GOLD" on the land is said to be excellent, from late explorations.
Object in selling, to remove West.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
July 24-tf Auction'rs and Com. Merchants.

MANUFACTURER OF
GOLD AND SILVER WARE
KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND
Gold and Silver Watches, Clocks, Fine Cutlery, Table Ware, Fine Jewelry, Spectacles,
and all articles usually found in a first-class establishment.
Call and see.
June 1 3m

COLGATE & CO'S
GERMAN
ERASIVE SOAP,
THE STANDARD OF
EXCELLENCE.
For Sale by all Grocers.
Jan. 22—13m

Newspaper for Sale.

THE UNDERSIGNED offer for sale, on accommodating terms, the Newspaper and Job Presses, Type, Inks, fixtures and all the other material pertaining to the *Fayetteville News* publishing and printing office, together with the good will and subscription list of the same.—Located in one of the largest towns and best sections of North Carolina, the only secular paper in all the tier of the nine counties of Bladen, Sampson, Robeson, Cumberland, Moore, Chatham, Randolph, Montgomery and Richmond, the Fayetteville *News* offers first-rate inducements to the purchaser. During the past two years it has nearly tripled its circulation, has constantly increased its material—and paid for it—and will make, by a showing of its receipts, a very gratifying exhibit.
One of the proprietors having decided to remove to another State, and the other not feeling inclined or fitted to carry on the business alone, this sale has been deemed necessary; and the most satisfactory evidence will be given persons desiring to purchase, that the present proprietors of the paper are not about to abandon its publication from any failure of success.
For particulars, address
H. L. & J. H. MYROVER,
July 18-law2w Fayetteville, N. C.

Thomasville Female College,
THOMASVILLE, N. C.

THE FALL SESSION of this institution will commence on Tuesday, the 4th of August, and continue twenty weeks.
BOARD: $10 per month, and other charges proportionally low. SIXTY DOLLARS must be prepaid by each young lady on entering, and the balance at the close of the term.
The Faculty is full and composed of able and experienced Teachers. The course is extensive, embracing all the solid and ornamental branches taught in other Female Colleges. The religious advantages are unsurpassed.
This College is located between Salisbury and Greensboro', in one of the most beautiful and healthy towns on the N. C. Central Railroad, and is in two miles of the celebrated "Holton Chalybeate Springs." And at the additional expense of 25 cents per day any of the "College girls" can have the constant use of the water.
For Circulars, containing full particulars, address
REV. D. R. BRUTON,
June 24-d2w.swk4th aug. President.

WILSON SCHOOL,
Melville, Alamance County, N. C.

THE NEXT SESSION commences July 16th, 1868.
Board and Tuition, $125.
Each pupil will furnish two sheets, 2 pillow-cases and 1 blanket.
For circulars, apply to the Principal.
JNO. WILSON, Jr.,
June 24-law3w Principal.

THE SENTINEL.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

MONDAY, JULY 27, 1868.

COUNTY CONVENTION.

We are requested to announce that a Convention of delegates, from each Captain's District in the County of Wake, will meet at the Court House, in Raleigh, on the second Saturday, (being the 8th day,) of August next, to appoint delegates to attend the Democratic State Convention, and to make such other arrangements as may be deemed necessary.

Our friends throughout the County are urged to hold meetings at once, to send delegates, and to form SEYMOUR and BLAIR Clubs.

All the friends of Seymour and Blair are invited to attend the County Convention.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Notice to Tobacconists,—Branding Brushes, Inks, Gums and Flavoring Materials: Jordan & Carr, Wholesale and Retail Druggists, Petersburg, Va.

Dr. Chaloner's Cholera Medicine and Oil of Bay Leaves: Jordan & Carr, Petersburg, Va.

Dried and Green Fruit: Read the announcement of J. B. Hunter & Co, General Commission Merchants, Portsmouth, Va.

Colt's Pistol Stolen, —Ten Dollars Reward: E. Burke Haywood, M. D.

NEW MUNICIPAL OFFICERS.—The following is sent to us from official sources.—"Gov." Holden has made the following appointments under the new act; who have qualified:

Mayor.—Capt. W. H. Harrison.

Commissioners—

Western Ward.—J. R. Harrison, Jefferson Fisher.

Middle Ward.—W. R. Richardson, A. L. Lougee, J. P. Adams.

Eastern Ward.—J. T. Williamson, E. A. Whitaker, Handy Lockhart, (negro.)

The above officers have since made the following appointments:

Maj. W. H. Martin, Chief of Police.
Bryan Lunn, (negro,) Assistant.
A. L. Lougee, City Treasurer.
J. J. Christophers, Clerk.
Night Watch:—G. Scales, Chief; M. Straughn, Bryan Dinkins, Caswell Hood, Willie Hunter, (negro,) Simon Craven, (negro,) Robert Clanton, (negro.)

What *base* we come to! We *cannot* do justice to the subject. If we could, we would make the effort.

MR. WYNNE, OF FRANKLIN.—Neither the *Sentinel*, its Editors or Reporter would misrepresent Mr. Wynne, or any one else. Our Reporter did not attempt to report him; but one might have wept, when he thought of Mr. Wynne, *now*, in his present political affiliations, and Mr. W., in days of '*auld lang syne*.' The necessity for these remarks will be apparent by reference to the Senate proceedings.

ANOTHER FIZZLE.—The attempt to hold an adjourned Grant and Colfax meeting in the Capitol, on Friday night, was a complete and total failure. There were not enough of the "trooly loil" present even to organize. We understand that Mr. Holden, Jr., proclaimed it a burning shame that the Capital of the State couldn't get up a Grant and Colfax meeting, and besought the few, who *were* present, to constitute themselves a Committee to rally the faithful for another attempt on to-morrow night. There is no enthusiasm for Grant, here or elsewhere.

ANOTHER OUTRAGE.—We learn that the man "who writes himself Governor" has appointed a *negro as Mayor of the intelligent and refined town of Hillsboro!* This is even a more atrocious insult and outrage, if possible, than the appointment of negro policemen for this city. We presume that no scallawag could be found in Hillsboro to take the Mayoralty. Patience, friends; all of this humiliation will be righted after a while,—hard and bitter though it may be for the time!

"Gov." HOLDEN couldn't find a scallawag in Morehead City upon whom to confer the appointment of *Squire*.

MAYOR W. D. HAYWOOD.—We have received from this gentleman a Card to the Public, written in behalf of himself and the Board of Commissioners, before surrendering their offices to the Executive and Legislative usurpation. It shall appear to-morrow, and places the Mayor and old Board on high ground.

COMMON SENSE FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.—The only authorized Agent in North Carolina for the sale of these simple and cheap, but neat, durable and invaluable Hand Sewing Machines, is that enterprising gentleman, W. H. Crow, Esq., of this City. Samples may be seen at the office of the Ætna Life Insurance Company, over Tucker's Iron Front Store. The price of one, complete in all its parts, is only $30, and the Agent warrants that if any part of any machine breaks or wears out, with proper usage, within five years from the time of sale, a duplicate for the broken piece will be furnished, free of charge.

The little "Common Sense" uses coarse cotton, linen, silk and twine, directly from the spool. Many of them are in use in this community, and elsewhere in the State, and the commendation pronounced upon them is universal. They are in use in the families of both the Editors of this paper, and they can speak, personally, of their usefulness and value. They economize time, save expense, and not only relieve the unhealthy labor of a constant piying of the needle, but afford an agreeable, diverting and healthy occupation.

It is our opinion that there should be one in every household. "Common sense," as well as common comfort, and uncommon saving, will be thereby promoted.

Send in your orders to Mr. Crow, Agent of the Ætna Life Insurance Company.

THE MILTON *Chronicle* "pitches into" Messrs. Winstead and Barnett, the members of the Legislature from Person county, for their course,—especially for their vote for Abbott for U. S. Senator.

THE RIGHT SPIRIT.

The New York *World*, referring to the passage of the Electoral College Bill and the idea that it is the purpose of the Radicals to have Grant for President, whether *the people* say so or not, declares, with significance and emphasis:

"No outcry about "revolution" will deter the Democratic party from doing its whole duty. We have borne with patience much that we would not have borne at all, but for the expectation of relief in this Presidential election. The time has now come when a majority of the people of the whole country will assert their right to control the Government of the country. If the Republican party are a majority of the *whole* country, we will submit; if they are not a majority of the whole adult male population, *they* SHALL SUBMIT, *or else "we will know the reason why."* If they exclude us from the polls, or refuse to count our votes, we shall be none the less a majority in consequence of such exclusion, and being a majority, and having the preponderance of physical strength, the Democratic party will not be found so wanting in manhood as to be ruled by a reckless, usurping minority."

A RESOLUTION is pending in the Legislature to *borrow* $100,000, "to supply a deficiency in the Treasury." And yet the new authorities are daily launching out into every species of extravagance and waste.—At the rate they are going, they will have to keep *borrowing*, and burden the people, as well, with a weight of taxation which will be perfectly crushing.

AT THE carpet bag caucus, in Washington, the other day, a resolution was adopted, calling upon Congress to pass a law "providing that all rebels' seeking pardon shall, before applying for it, publish their desire in a loyal paper in the county where they reside for at least ninety days." The advertising patronage of "loil" papers, in this line, will be small.

TWENTY-ONE sail of schooners and sloops left Norfolk on Friday morning for various ports and landings in North Carolina.—They were towed up to the canals. These vessels had brought the various products of our eastern counties to Norfolk. Their cargoes may be described as various, embracing cattle, sheep, pigs, poultry, fish, corn, wheat, vegatables, fruit, &c., &c., indeed all the articles which planters and farmers send to market at this season of the year. This inland commerce is great and increasing.

THE 13TH OR 14TH AMENDMENT—WHICH?

It is said that Arkansas and North Carolina have ratified the proposed fourteenth amendment. It is asserted that they have rejected it. The dates are given:

	Rejected.	*Ratified.*
Arkansas,	Dec 17, 1866.	April 6 1868.
North Carolina,	Dec. 13 1866.	July 4 1868.

Here's a coil. If the rejection is a good rejection, there has been no ratification.—And if the ratification is a good ratification, the Constitution of the United States does not prohibit slavery. The same governments in Arkansas and North Carolina that rejected the fourteenth, ratified the thirteenth (or Emancipation) amendment. If the rejection is illegal, then the ratification is illegal too. But it was this ratification that put the thirteenth amendment in the Constitution, and if illegal that amendment isn't there.—*N. Y. Herald.*

THE FOLLOWING State elections are to occur this year:

August 3,	Kentucky.
August 12,	Tennessee.
September 1,	Vermont.
September 8,	California.
September 14,	Maine.
October 9,	Nebraska.
October 13,	Pennsylvania.
October 13,	Ohio.
October 13,	Indiana.
October 13,	Iowa.
October 22,	West Virginia.
November 3,	New York.
November 3,	New Jersey.
November 3,	Delaware.
November 3,	Maryland.
November 3,	Illinois.
November 3,	Michigan.
November 3,	Wisconsin.
November 3,	Minnesota.
November 3,	Missouri.
November 3,	Kansas.
November 3	Nevada.
November 3.	Massachusetts.

SEYMOUR AND BLAIR CLUBS.—We observe that these are rapidly forming all over the State. We call attention to that of Hendersonville, in another column, which, in its conception and operation, seems a model of promptness and efficiency. A friend, from Haywood, says they are about being organized all over that county. Speed the good work. These clubs are the hope of the country. It is to them, working by legitimate means—the Clubs versus the "Loil Melish"—that the South looks for its regeneration.—*Asheville News.*

ASSASSINATION IN MISSISSIPPI.—On Monday night Samuel McSwain, living near Grenada, Miss., was shot whilst undressing, and mortally wounded by a negro named Tom McLean, who was pursued by citizens and a party of soldiers. After being chased several miles into swamps he was wounded twice by Sergeant Smith, and captured, and brought back to Grenada, where a mob was, with great difficulty, prevented from hanging him. No cause for the assassination is known.

At a West Point, Miss., Democratic jubilee, recently, says a Mississippi paper, 195 freedmen, who voted the Radical ticket, at the late election, acknowledged their error, "professed strong faith in Democracy, and were admitted into full membership into our Democratic Club, took badges, and received certificates of their membership."

The Jackson, Miss., *Clarion* promises 50,000 majority for Seymour and Blair in Mississippi.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS IN NEW JERSEY.—The Democratic Convention nominated Theodore F. Randolph as a candidate for Governor, and an electoral ticket; and also adopted resolutions endorsing the Democratic National Convention ticket and platform.

"Tain't de white nor yet de black folks what hab de most influence in this worl', but the *yeller boys*," said old Aunt Chloe, as she jingled a few gold coins that had come down from a former generation.

Judge Black has returned to the city.—He says Pennsylvania will give 25,000 Democratic majority.—*National Intelligencer, 23d.*

The German citizens of Richmond, Virginia, have formed a Seymour and Blair club, and will soon hold a ratification meeting.

The Democrats of the seventh Congressional district of Indiana have nominated Hon. D. W. Vorhees for Congress.

For the Sentinel.

OUR RAIL ROADS.

MESSRS. EDITORS: At the recent meeting of the Chatham Railroad Company, it was resolved that the President and Directors proceed at once with the work, and press it on to a speedy completion. The Directors met immediately after the adjournment of the Stockholders, and organized by electing Dr. Hawkins, President, and W. W. Vass, Secretary and Treasurer. We understand that the intention is to lay the iron to Haw River in 120 days from the present time,—that road being ready for the iron to that point. The Western Railroad from Fayetteville may be reached within 10 miles of that point at Haywood, which, by reference to Colton's Map of N. C. for 1866, will be found to be *the direct line* to Cheraw, if the Company should decide to build that line. The Coalfields can be reached by the Western Road already completed to the Egypt Shaft, while at Jonesboro we will be within 31 miles of Fayetteville, making the distance from Raleigh to Fayetteville 71 miles, thus connecting one of the best commercial towns in the State with our Capital and the markets of the world. If the work is pressed, as we believe it will be, during the month of January next, it not by the 1st of that month, the *cars will be running from Raleigh to Fayetteville.* Speed the good work. It will do us all good. Let our Fayetteville friends go to work, rebuild their Cotton Factories, and that will soon be the most progressive town in the State. Its location at the head of navigation on the Cape Fear, its immense and valuable water-power, (for we understand that, within a circle of 10 miles from the centre of Fayetteville, there are 52 valuable Factory sites on never failing streams,) its healthy location and its proximity to the cotton fields of Robeson, Richmond, Anson, as well as Marion and Marlboro districts in South Carolina, while it is surrounded by an immense region of Virgin Pine Forests, for the prodiggtion of Naval Stores; it must become a large manufacturing and commercial town,—a connection with which will be of incalculable value to any Railroad.

One word as to the connections South.—At Jonesboro' the Chatham Road will have not only a common point, but be on the direct line to Cheraw. But is that the best route for our friends to take? Let us look at the comparative distance from Raleigh to Florence, *via* Cheraw, as compared with the distance from Raleigh, *via* Fayetteville, to Florence.

From Raleigh to Haywood, *via* Page's, is	30	miles,
" Haywood to the Gulf,	14	"
" The Gulf to Cheraw,	86	"
" Cheraw to Florence,	45	"
Total	175	miles.
From Raleigh to Fayetteville,	71	miles,
" Fayetteville to Florence,	80	"
Total	151	miles.

A difference in favor of Fayetteville of 24 miles in the distances. Now let us look at the comparative cost of the two routes. If we go to Jonesboro' the Road is completed already to Fayetteville—and we are informed that from Fayetteville, South, the country is so level, at the same time dry, and so well adapted to the building of Railroads, that the connection from Fayetteville to Florence may be made at a cost of $12,500 per mile. Two thirds of the route have been surveyed and the report of Major J. P. Roberson and David McDuffie shows that that amount will cover cost of construction and rolling stock. In fact, after crossing Big Rockfish, 10 miles South of Fayetteville, the balance of the line may be graded at $1,500 per mile.

Now how will the cost of the line from the Gulf to Cheraw compare with that?—There is hardly a mile of that Road that can be graded for less than 8 to $12,000, while a large, if not the greatest, portion of it will cost at least $20,000 per mile.

Now looking at it in the light of dollars and cents alone, we see that one million of dollars will secure the connection to Florence *via* Fayetteville, while it will cost at least three, if not four millions of dollars to build the road by Cheraw. As a matter of economy the advantage is vastly in favor of Fayetteville as well as distance. Fayetteville, in addition to all this, is a North Carolina town. Has she no claims beyond all this? Is there not an obligation resting upon the citizens of Raleigh at least to lend a helping hand in building her up? We will pass by for the moment the claims she has upon the State, from the fact that her representatives in the Legislature have always voted for every scheme of Internal Improvement in the State, and address our appeal to the good people of Raleigh. In 1831, when the Capitol was burned, and the question was before the Legislature to fix its location between Fayetteville and Raleigh, the Hon. L. D. Henry, as Speaker of the House of Commons and member from Fayetteville, gave the casting vote in favor of Raleigh, and gave you the Capitol of N. C. In 1859, when the question for the establishment of an Asylum for the Insane was under consideration, after the strongest effort that could be made to secure its passage had culminated in the defeat of that measure, the Hon. Jas. C. Dobbin, who, at the time the vote was taken, was on account of the severest domestic affliction detained from his seat, hearing the result, hastened to the House of Commons, appealed to his friends to reconsider the vote, and in tones of eloquence, that few could equal and none surpass, secured the final passage of that measure and gave Raleigh the Insane Asylum.

Again,—when the North Carolina Railroad bill was under consideration in the Senate, and various propositions were made to project some scheme of internal improvement for what was then called the "Old Rip Van Winkle of the South," it was entertained by Col. Alexander Murchison, the Senator from Cumberland, that if he would vote for that measure, it would give the Speaker of the Senate the casting vote in its favor. He wrote to his constituents in Fayetteville for instructions as to what he should do. They called a meeting, over which the lamented Dr. Thos N. Cameron presided, and they told him they saw that that Road would destroy the commerce of Fayetteville, *but for him to vote for the bill* and help build old North Carolina. He did so, and gave you the North Carolina Railroad.

Now, when it is known that by adopting a line of Railroad that will put them in connection with you and the rest of the world, by a line that will be 24 miles shorter than another and at comparatively a trifling cost,—a line that must form the great through line for freight and travel between the North and South, and passing through a section of country abounding in everything calculated to make your road a remunerative one,—will you not interest yourselves to secure them the aid they ask at your hands?

R.

The Democracy of Indianapolis (Ind.) have resolved to tender Hon. Thomas A. Hendricks a public reception upon his return to that city.

Hon. George A. Pendleton is announced to speak in Kentucky once before the August elections—probably at Woodford, on the 30th. inst.

Gen. Grant lately declined a public reception at Leavenworth, Kansas, which seems to be the only place that has taken any notice of him.

A Methodist newspaper, the first of the kind, has just been started in Hindostan.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Our Afternoon Dispatches.

CONGRESS AND OTHER MATTERS.

WASHINGTON, July 25, M.

The Senate, last night, tabled the bill relieving Fanley, of South Carolina, Hahn, of Louisiana, and General Young, of Georgia.

The Senate ratified the China treaty.

Capt J. C. Queen was found on the President's grounds this morning, with his throat badly cut. He says that two whites and one negro robbed and attempted to kill him. Queen's friends think he attempted suicide.

GREAT FLOOD IN BALTIMORE—LOSS ESTIMATED AT THREE MILLION OF DOLLARS—FIFTY LIVES LOST.

BALTIMORE, July 25, M.

The loss by the flood, here, caused by the rains, is loosely estimated at three million of dollars. Fifty lives, including many women and children, were lost.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, July 25, M.

Money easy at 4@5. Sterling 10¼. Gold 1,43½. Virginia sixes, new, 53. Tennessee sixes, ex-coupons, 68; New 69. North Carolina's, new, 72½ Turpentine firm at 44@45. Rosin steady.

Our Midnight Dispatches.

CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, July 25, P. M.

HOUSE.—A bill requiring future grants on Railroad lands to be sold to actual settlers, only, passed.

A resolution passed, providing exemptions from the penalties of the recent tax bill for twenty days, as it will take that long for its official promulgation.

Clift, Prince, Edwards and Gove were elected as the representatives from Georgia.

A Florida member introduced impeachment resolutions, which were referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Baker, Ingersoll and Spalding voted with the Democrats adversely to the new impeachment. Otherwise, the action was entirely partizan.

The Corruption Committee, on impeachment, was discharged.

A bill protecting Americans abroad passed.—It goes to the President.

After passing many bills of no interest to the South, except the Freedmen's Bureau bill, which secures Howard in office, the House took a recess.

SENATE.—After unimportant business, the House bill for the re-organization of Mississippi, Virginia and Texas came up, and was placed on the Speaker's table, as too important to be referred to a Committee. This bill was telegraphed in full last night.

The Bill protecting citizens abroad was resumed.

Howard opposed conferring the power on the President, by which he could involve the country in a war in six weeks. The Government had nothing to do with Irish oppression at home.—He objected to making the United States a Society for the propagandism of political news.

Ferry said the bill was an effort to change the laws of nations, and, by its passage, we would simply expose ourselves to the contempt of all the nations of the earth.

The bill passed, 39 to 5. Nays: Ferry, Fessenden, Fowler, Howard and Van Winkle. Though in their seats, Sumner and Trumbull refused to vote.

The bill removing the political disabilities from Hahn, of Louisiana, and General Young, of Georgia, was amended to include John Young Brown, of Kentucky, and others, and taken from the table and passed.

The bill securing Howard in office, as Commissioner of Freedmen's Bureau, passed.

The Senate then went into Executive session and adjourned.

CONFIRMATIONS.

WASHINGTON, July 25, P. M

The Senate confirmed Alvin Hawkins, as Consul General at Havana; Wm. Selden, as Internal Revenue Collector for Virginia; Elisha Foote, as Commissioner of Patents, and Henry M. Watts, as Minister to Austria.

TREMENDOUS FLOOD.

BETHLEHEM, Pa. July 26.

There is a tremendous flood in Leigh Valley, sweeping away bridges, aqueducts, etc.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 26.

There is considerable small pox excitement here. Eighty cases have been reported at the health office, since the 17th. of July.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, July 25, P. M.

Cotton dull and a shade lower. Sales of 600 bales at 30½@31.

Turpentine 54@54½.

Gold 1.43¼.

BALTIMORE, July 25, P. M.

Cotton very dull at 31.

Flour very firm and in good demand.

The freshet, on yesterday, destroyed or injured all of the mills around Baltimore.

WILMINGTON, July 25, P. M.

Spirits Turpentine firm at 40½. Rosin firm.—Low No. 1, 2,75; No. 2, 2,25; Strained, 2,20.

Tar firm at 2,35.

LIME, LIME, LIME.

THE UNDERSIGNED proposes to deliver Lime at Salisbury Station at (12) twelve dollars per ton.

The freight on the N C. R. R is

From Salisbury to Concord	60c.	per ton.
" " Charlotte $1,00	"	"
" " Greensboro' 1,00	"	"
" " Comp. Shops 1,40	"	"
" " Hillsboro' 1,80	"	"
" " Durham's 1,85	"	"
" " Raleigh, 2 15	"	"

A. M. POWELL,
Catawba Station, N. C., July 24-2w6w

ATTENTION, FARMERS!

Secure your Seed Wheat from the Genuine Bowden.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED a consignment of this noted brand of Wheat, which we offer for sale at a reasonable price. As our Wheat harvest has fallen far short of a general crop, it is to the interest of our Farmers to secure their seed from this excellent brand. Call soon at

July 21-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Important to Consumers!

READ! READ!! READ!!!

PRIME RIB SIDES.
(Warranted,) per lb. 18½c.
Skippery Rib Sides, [round and neat,) 16½c.
Prime Baltimore Hams, (warranted) 24 @ 25c.
Breakfast Bacon, Sugar-cured and Plain, 20@25.
N. C. Cut Herrings, No. 1, Norfolk inspection, per bbl. $10@$10½
Family Roe Herrings, (half bbls.) $6.
Grocers' Molasses, by the bbl., per gal. 50c.
July 25-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

CORN! CORN!! CORN!!!
2,500 bushels White Corn at
July 21-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

SUGAR! SUGAR!! SUGAR!!!
15,000 lbs. Sugar, different grades, on hand at
July 21-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

MOLASSES! MOLASSES!! MOLASSES!!!
2,000 gallons Molasses at
July 21-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

CANDY! CANDY!!
500 lbs. Fresh Candy, just received at
July 21-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Greensboro' Money Market.

BUYING RATES OF BANK NOTES, &c., BY WILSON & SHOBER, BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, SOUTH ELM STREET, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Bank of N. C.	60c
" Cape Fear	30
" Charlotte	30
" Wadesboro	27
" Wilmington	30
" Roxboro	60
" Thomasville	30
" Graham	25
" Lexington (old)	15
" " (new)	10
" Commerce	18
" Clarendon	4
" Fayetteville	10
" Washington	3
" Yanceyville	3
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	60
Farmers' Bank of Greensboro', (old)	30
" " " (new.)	12
Miners'and Planters' Bank	40
Commercial Bank of Wilmington	27
Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co., (old)	6
Virginia Bank Notes average about	28
South Carolina "	15
Georgia "	25
N. C. Railroad Stock	15

We buy and sell at liberal prices, Gold and Silver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds and all other marketable stocks.

Orders for Bank notes by debtors and Stockholders of Banks will receive prompt attention.

Returns for express packages of Bank notes &c., will be made on the day received, by check on New York or Baltimore, or in currency, as desired.

Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good Companies, at best rates.

Oct. 25-295-3m

RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

H. W. PULLIAM, President.

W. H. WILLARD, GEO. W. SWEPSON,
A. S. MERRIMON, W. J. HAWKINS.

C. DEWEY, Cashier.
J. C. BLAKE, Teller.

Deals in Bills of Exchange, Sight Drafts, Gold and Silver Coin, and Government and other securities.

Uncurrent Bank Notes bought at highest prices. Packages sent by Express will be remitted for promptly, in currency, or in New York funds at par.

Bank of Cape Fear	30
" Charlotte	30
" Clarendon	4
" Commerce	17
" Fayetteville	10
" Lexington, (old,)	12
" " (new.)	9
" Lexington, payable at Graham,	22
" North Carolina,	55
" Roxboro'	60
" Thomasville	60
" Wadesboro'	27
" Washington	3
" Yanceyville	24
" Wilmington	30
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	27
Farmer's Bank of North Carolina, (old,)	27
" " " (new.)	10
Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co.,	6
Merchant's Bank, Newbern,	60
Miner's & Planter's Bank	40

May 26-135-tf

Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES:

Bank of N. C., (Gold 25) (Silver 26)	G. B. 55
" Cape Fear	30
" Charlotte	30
" Lexington, at Graham, new 10, old	16
" Roxborough	60
" Wadesborough	27
" Thomasville	30
" Wilmington	30
" Commerce	16
" Washington	3
" Fayetteville	10
" Clarendon	4
" Yanceyville	3
Miners' and Planter's Bank	40
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough, new 10, old	20
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	27
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	60
Greensborough Mutual	6
Virginia Bank Notes, about	25
South Carolina "	22
Georgia "	23
Gold	138
Silver	133
Old Coupons	67
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	87½
Old Sixes	72
Exchange on New York	¼
R. & G. Railroad Stock	40

PROVISION MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JORDAN WOMBLE, GROCER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.

BACON	17@25
" BAL'T. & WESTERN	17@20
BEEF ON HOOF	8@10
" NETT	10@20
BUTTER	25@30
COTTON	25@26
CHICKENS, Spring,	15@35
" Grown	25@30
CORN	1 40@1 50
COFFEE	22½@40
EGGS	10@20
FLOUR	10@16
FODDER	1 50@1 75
HERRINGS	$6 00@10
HIDES—Green	8c pr. lb.
" Dry	15@17
HAY	$1@125 pr. cwt.
LARD	20@25
MEAL	1 40@1 60
MOLASSES	55@65
NAILS	7½@10
PEAS—Stock	2 00@2 25
" White	2 50@3 00
POTATOES—Irish, New	1 50@2 50
" Sweet	1 00@1 50
RAGS	4@5
SALT—Fine	4 00@4 25
" Ground	3 00@3 50
SUGAR	13@22
TALLOW	10@12½
VINEGAR	35@75

REMARKS.

Cotton—None offering. Last sales 25@26.

[COPY.]

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE COMP. OF THE CURRENCY,
Washington, June 18th, 1868.

WHEREAS, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that THE STATE NATIONAL BANK OF RALEIGH, in the city of Raleigh, in the county of Wake and State of North Carolina, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3rd, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said Act, required to be complied with before commencing the business of Banking, under said act:

NOW, THEREFORE I, Hiland R. Hulburd Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the "State National Bank of Raleigh," in the city of Raleigh, in the county of Wake, and State of North Carolina, is authorized to commence the business of Banking under the Act aforesaid. In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office, this eighteenth day of June, 1868.

Seal. HILAND R. HULBURD,
Comptroller of the Currency.
No. 1,582.

STATE NATIONAL BANK, RALEIGH, N. C.

DIRECTORS:
JOHN G. WILLIAMS, PRESIDENT.
W. E ANDERSON, Cashier.
WM. S. MASON, W. W. VASS,
JAS. H. FOOTE.

DEALERS IN EXCHANGE, Sight and Time bills, Gold and Silver Coin and Bullion, Government and State Stocks, Rail Road and other securities.

Uncurrent Bank Notes bought at the counter or remitted for on receipt, by Express, on most favorable terms, by check or in currency.

Deposits received and a general banking business carried on in all its branches.

July 1-3ms.

NEW SUPPLIES.

Twist Soaps, Rosin Soaps, Mason's Blacking, Concentrated Lye, Black Pepper, Parlor Matches, Axle Grease and Copperas. Just received at

July 21-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF HARTFORD, CONN.

JULY 21, 1868.

ASSETS, $10,000,000.

No. INSURED $7,000.

DIVISIBLE SURPLUS $1,884,768,51.

DIVIDENDS, 50 per cent.

READ THE FOLLOWING EXTRACTS:

ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD.—The Ætna is a Company that can be thoroughly trusted. It is sound, prompt, and progressive. It rests on a firm basis, pays its claims with alacrity, and goes on its way rejoicing. It has done, within the immediate neighborhood of Hartford, within the last year, a larger business than any other Life Company; which indicates that a prophet has, for once, found honor in his own country.—*New York Insurance Monitor.*

(*Extract from N. Y. Insurance Monitor, Oct. 1868.*)

No Life Insurance Company ever achieved so complete a success as this popular institution.—Its popularity is altogether *unprecedented* in the annals of commercial enterprise in this country.

"A good man leaveth an inheritance."—*Bible.*

IN NORTH CAROLINA the Ætna Life Company has settled policies promptly to date, 17th July, 1868, $45,500.00, and another $5,000 is ready for the legal representative of our deceased fellow-citizen,

A. KLINE,

well known as a prudent and thrifty man of business.

Those who insure in the Ætna may be sure of a certainty for their friends, and that too upon terms as favorable as any first-class Company can afford.

The Ætna is a tried Company.

Call on

W. H. CROW,
General Agent for the State,
Office, Raleigh, N. C.

W. H. MCKEE, Examiner.

July 21-1m.

PHŒNIX MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

EDSON FESSENDEN, President. | JAMES F. BURNS, Secretary.

IN PRESENTING THE CLAIMS OF THE PHŒNIX MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, to the people of North Carolina, the Agent invites their attention to the following statements:—

1. It is a Mutual Company, the profits being divided among the insured.
2. Its insured are allowed to travel and reside in any part of the United States and Europe, at all seasons of the year.
3. Its dividends have averaged 50 per cent yearly, and are payable on the amount of premium paid by the insured.
4. Its policies are all NON-FORFEITING.
5. Its losses have been met by the annual interest received alone, and a surplus of interest left over to swell the general fund belonging to the insured.
6. It has paid over $300,000 of losses, and NEVER CONTESTED A CLAIM.
7. Its rates of assurance are as cheap as any Company doing a SAFE business.
8. IT WILL NOT INSURE AN UNSOUND LIFE.
9. One half the premium will be received in the note of the insured—which note, in case of death, is NEVER deducted from the face of the policy.
10. IT HAS NO CONNECTION WITH FIRE INSURANCE.

Relative character of the Companies operating in North Carolina, as to their Assets and Liabilities, taken from the New York Insurance Report for the year 1867, which is the last report—showing how much of Assets each Company has to meet each dollar of Liability:

PHŒNIX MUTUAL	$1 74
ÆTNA	1 31
BROOKLYN	1 12
CONNECTICUT MUTUAL	1 05
EQUITABLE	1 24
MANHATTAN	1 42

The PHŒNIX MUTUAL offers peculiar inducements to citizens of the Southern States. Its regulations with regard to residence and travel being almost unrestricted.

These statements are made from impartial reports in the hands of the Agents of the Company.

Principal Office, HARTFORD, CONN.

For further information, apply to the Travelling Agents, or to

WILLIAM H. BAGLEY,
General Agent for North Carolina,
Jan. 1—124-3m Raleigh, N. C.

BROOKLYN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

ABSOLUTELY NO RESTRICTION UPON TRAVEL OR RESIDENCE

ALL POLICIES POSITIVELY NON-FORFEITABLE.

☞ Part of the premium loaned, and *no loan or premium note is a lien or claim* on the policy in case of death after the second year. ☜

THIS COMPANY OFFERS PECULIAR ADVANTAGES TO THE SOUTHERN PEOPLE, IT IS the most

LIBERAL COMPANY IN THE UNITED STATES.

Its rates being lower than those of other Companies.

Office, No. 141 Broadway, New York City.

WM. M. COLE, Secretary. | CHRISTIAN W. BOUCK, Pres.

Information gladly furnished in detail, by

A. W. LAWRENCE,
General Agent for the State of North Carolina.

Raleigh, N. C., March 25—1868-3m

The Daily Sentinel.

MONDAY, JULY 27, 1868.

JULY, 1868.

ANDREWS,

THE CLOTHIER.

(Opposite Tucker Hall.)

SPECIAL OPENING.

Elegant Dress Suits, Latest Style;
Plain and Fancy Cassimere Suits;
White Duck Linen Suits;
Boys' Brown Linen Suits;
Youths' Cassimere Suits;
Fine Dress Shirts;
Gauze Merino Under Shirts;
Linen Drawers;
Jean Drawers;
Cravats and Suspenders;

Together with every article usually kept in a gentleman's first class FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT.

☞ *The prices to suit the times.*

July 2-tf

Goldsboro' Female College.

THE FALL SESSION will open on the 1st Monday in August, and continue twenty weeks.

Board (30 Terms, exclusive of washing and lights, $75.00. Address

E. W. ADAMS, President.

July 11—1awtSept.1 Goldsboro'.

SPARKLING CATAWBA SPRINGS.
Catawba County, N. C.

THIS CELEBRATED WATERING PLACE will be open for visitors from June 1st to December 1st.

The medicinal properties of the waters, both Sulphur and Chalybeate, unrivalled. Accommodations unsurpassed, and a healthier and more delightful place not to be found.

The Proprietor has gone to great expense to improve and beautify the Springs, with an eye to the comfort of his guests, and promises every thing will be done to add to the pleasure of all who may honor him with a visit.

Take the Western N. C. Railroad at Salisbury, either on Monday, Wednesday, or Friday morning, to Hickory Station, where you will find Hacks for the Springs, a distance of six miles over a beautiful well shaded road.

A good band of MUSIC will be at the Springs the entire season. Board $50 per month; $15 per week or $3 per day. Children, under ten years of age, and servants, half price. Bath houses complete for cool, plunge, shower or tub baths, and sulphur baths, cold or hot.

J. GOLDEN WYATT,
Proprietor.

Sparkling Catawba Springs, Catawba Co., N. C.
June 1-d&w3m.

R. H. COWAN & CO.,
General Commission and Shipping Merchants,
AND
WHOLESALE GROCERS.

Agents for M. Davis & Bro's (Liberty, Va.,) celebrated Virginia Chewing Tobacco.
Agents for Lister Bro's Superphosphate of Lime.
Agents for Vulcan Iron Works, Richmond, Va.

R. H. COWAN,
JNO. W. CAMERON,
JAS. R. HILL,
} **Wilmington, N. C.,** *No. 32 North Water St.*

June 26, 1868-1y

Select Boarding and Day School,
HILLSBORO', N. C.

THE MISSES NASH AND MISS KOLLOCK, PRINCIPALS.

THE FALL TERM OF 1868 opens July 24th and closes Dec. 10th.

Circulars furnished on application.

July 4-3awlm

MRS. A. M. GORMAN will accommodate a few boarders, on reasonable terms. Her residence is in a desirable part of the city, convenient to the Capitol, and not very far from the Central Depot. For further information, apply to MRS. A. M. GORMAN.

July 20-tf

MOLASSES! MOLASSES!

175 Hogsheads Cuba Molasses, (direct importation.) Various grades, for sale at reduced price, by WORTH & DANIEL,
July 20-5t Wilmington, N. C.

A SPLENDID CHANCE FOR A HOME.

BONA FIDE RAFFLE.

250 CHANCES, $10 EACH.

THE DRAWING TO TAKE PLACE IN WASHINGTON, N. C.

NO HUMBUG THIS TIME.

THE UNDERSIGNED OWNS A VERY VALUABLE FARM in the lower part of Beaufort County, about 30 miles below Washington, containing 300 ACRES, 50 of which is CLEARED and in a fine state of cultivation, with a

GOOD DWELLING

and all necessary out-houses, and the soil of the tract is of the very best quality. The

FARM

is at the head of North Creek, and within half a mile of good navigation, and within a day's sail of Newbern or Washington. The owner proposes to have the same

RAFFLED OFF

for the sum of $2500. 250 Chances at $10 Each, the Drawing to take place

IN WASHINGTON

as soon as the chances are all taken, under the direction of W. R. J. Burbank, E. S. Hoyt and F. B. Satterthwaite, Esqrs.

The undersigned refers to Messrs. Burbank, Hoyt and Satterthwaite, of Washington, and to B. W. Rospess and W. C. Campbelle, of Williamston, as to the value of the farm, &c.

The Editor of the Tarboro' *Southerner* at Tarboro', N. W. Rospess, of Williamston, and F. B. Hoyt, of Washington, will receive subscriptions, and the drawing will take place as soon as possible after the chances are all taken.

W. O RENFROE,
July 23-1m — Washington, N. C.

Notice.

THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing in the manufacture of LIME, under the name and style of "POWELL, WILSON & CO." is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

A. M. POWELL,
J. W. WILSON.
J. R. SHERRILL,
M. THOLLINGER.

Catawba Station, N. C., July 13th, 1868.

NOTICE.

All claims against the late firm of "Powell, Wilson & Co." will be settled by the undersigned, and all persons in arrears for Lime will make payment to me, as the business of the firm must be closed up.

A. M. POWELL.

Catawba, Station, N. C., July 15-2awtw

Charlotte Female Institute,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

REV. R. BURWELL,
JNO. B. BURWELL, A. M., } *Principals.*

THE NEXT SESSION will commence on the 1st of October, 1868, and continue until 30th June, 1869.

The Session is divided into two terms of twenty weeks each, and pupils can be entered for the whole session or for one term.

The charge for Board (including every expense, washing, fuel, lights, &c.) with Tuition in English Branches, will be $130, per term of 20 weeks.

Music, Ancient and Modern Languages, Drawing and Painting, *extra*, at usual charges.

For Circular and Catalogue, containing full particulars as to terms, &c., address

Rev. R. BURWELL & SON,
July 11-2m — Charlotte, N. C.

THE NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION!

THE PLATFORM.

"The Democratic party, in national convention assembled, reposing its trust in the intelligence, patriotism, and discriminating justice of the people, standing upon the Constitution as the foundation and limitation of the powers of the Government, and the guaranty of the liberties of the citizen, and recognizing the questions of slavery and secession as having been settled, for all time to come, by the war or the voluntary action of the Southern States in constitutional conventions assembled, and never to be renewed or reagitated, do, with the return of peace, demand:

First.—Immediate restoration of all the States to their rights in the Union, under the Constitution, and of civil government to the American people.

Second.—Amnesty for all past political offences, and the regulation of the elective franchise in the States by their citizens.

Third.—Payment of the public debt of the United States as rapidly as practicable; all moneys draws from the people by taxation, except so much as is requisite for the necessities of the Government, economically administered, being honestly applied to such payment, and where the obligations of the Government do not expressly state upon their face, or the law under which they were issued does not provide that they shall be paid in coin, they ought, in right and in justice, to be paid in the lawful money of the United States.

Fourth.—Equal taxation of every species of property according to its real value, including Government bonds and other public securities.

Fifth.—One currency for the Government and the people, the laborer and the officeholder, the pensioner and the soldier, the producer and the bondholder.

Sixth.—Economy in the administration of the Government; the reduction of the standing army and navy; the abolition of the Freedmen's Bureau (great cheering) and all political instrumentalities designed to secure negro supremacy; simplification of the system and discontinuance of inquisitorial modes of assessing and collecting internal revenue, so that the burden of taxation may be equalized and lessened, the credit of the Government and the currency made good; the repeal of all enactments for enrolling the State militia into national forces in time of peace; and a tariff for revenue upon foreign imports, and such equal taxation under the internal revenue laws as will afford incidental protection to domestic manufactures, and as will, without impairing the revenue, impose the least burden upon and best promote and encourage the great industrial interests of the country.

Seventh.—Reform of abuses in the Administration, the expulsion of corrupt men from office, the abrogation of useless offices, the restoration of rightful authority to and the independence of the executive and judicial departments of the Government, the subordination of the military to the civil power, to the end that the usurpations of Congress and the despotism of the sword may cease.

Eighth.—Equal rights and protection for naturalized and native born citizens at home and abroad; the assertion of American nationality which shall command the respect of foreign Powers, and furnish an example and encouragement to people struggling for national integrity, constitutional liberty, and individual rights; and the maintenance of the rights of naturalized citizens against the absolute doctrine of immutable allegiance and the claims of foreign Powers to punish them for alleged crime committed beyond their jurisdiction.

In demanding these measures and reforms we arraign the Radical party for its disregard of right, and the unparalleled oppression and tyranny which have marked its career. After the most solemn and unanimous pledge of both Houses of Congress to prosecute the war exclusively for the maintenance of the Government and the preservation of the Union under the Constitution, it has repeatedly violated that most sacred pledge, under which alone was rallied that noble volunteer army which carried our flag to victory.

Instead of restoring the Union, it has, so far as is in its power, dissolved it, and subjected ten States, in time of profound peace, to military despotism and negro supremacy.

It has nullified there the *right* of trial by jury; it has abolished the *habeas corpus*, that most sacred writ of liberty; it has overthrown the freedom of speech and the press; it has substituted arbitrary seizures and arrests, and military trials and secret star-chamber inquisitions for the constitutional tribunals; it has disregarded in time of peace the right of the people to be free from searches and seizures; it has entered the post and telegraph offices, and even the private rooms of individuals, and seized their private papers and letters without any specific charge or notice of affidavit, as required by the organic law; it has converted the American capitol into a bastile; it has established a system of spies and official espionage to which no constitutional monarchy of Europe would dare to resort; it has absolished the right of appeal on important constitutional questions to the supreme judicial tribunal, and threatens to curtail or destroy its original jurisdiction, which is irrevocably vested by the Constitution, while the learned Chief Justice has been subjected to the most atrocious calumnies merely because he would not prostitute his high office to the support of the false and partisan charges preferred against the President. Its corruption and extravagance have exceeded anything known in history, and by its frauds and monopolies it has nearly doubled the burden of the debt created by the war. It has stripped the President of his constitutional power of appointment even of his own Cabinet. Under its repeated assaults the pillars of the Government are rocking on their base, and should it succeed in November next, and inaugurate its President, we will meet, as a subjected and conquered people, amid the ruins of liberty and the scattered fragments of the Constitution; and we do declare and resolve that ever since the people of the United States threw off all subjection to the British Crown, the privilege and trust of suffrage have belonged to the several States, and have been granted, regulated, and controlled exclusively by the political power of each State respectively, and that any attempt by Congress, on any pretext whatever, to deprive any State of this right, or to interfere with its exercise, is a flagrant usurpation of power which can find no warrant in the Constitution; and it sanctioned by the people will subvert our form of government, and can only end in a single centralized and consolidated Government, in which the separate existence of the States will be entirely absorbed, and an unqualified despotism be established in place of a federal union of co equal States; and that we regard the reconstruction acts (so called) of Congress as usurpations, and unconstitutional, revolutionary, and void; that our soldiers and sailors, who carried the flag of our country to victory against a most gallant and determined foe, must ever be gratefully remembered, and all the guarantees given in their favor must be faithfully carried into execution.

That the public lands should be distributed as widely as possible among the people, and should be disposed of either under the pre emption or homestead laws, and sold in reasonable quantities, and to none but actual occupants, at the minimum price established by the Government. When grants of the public lands may be allowed necessary for the encouragement of important public improvements, the proceeds of the sale of such lands, and not the lands themselves, should be so applied.

That the President of the United States, Andrew Johnson, (applause,) in exercising the power of his high office in resisting the aggressions of Congress upon the constitutional rights of the States and the people, is entitled to the gratitude of the whole American people, and in behalf of the Democratic party we tender him our thanks for his patriotic efforts in that regard."

CONSTITUTION AND BY-LAWS FOR CLUBS.

We have received letters from several sources, requesting us to send printed copies of a Constitution and By-Laws for the organization of Seymour and Blair Clubs.—Having none on hand, and no funds to print them, we have prepared the following Constitution and By-Laws, as a guide for Clubs, and submit them to the consideration of our friends. They were submitted to the Young Men's meeting to form a Seymour and Blair Club, in this city, on Tuesday night, and unanimously adopted:

CONSTITUTION.

ARTICLE 1st. This Association shall be styled the —— Club of —— of North Carolina.

ART. 2. The objects of this Association are as follows: To unite in close political compact every Democrat, Conservative, or by whatever name known, in North Carolina, for the support and defence of the Constitution of the United States; the promotion of the peace and good will of society and the harmony of the Union; the proper enforcement of law and order by legitimate forms, and the utter destruction of Radicalism every where, by the election of HORATIO SEYMOUR and New York, as President, and FRANCIS P. BLAIR, of Missouri, as Vice President, and all other Democratic and Conservative nominees for any office; and, further, to promote the mutual benefit and protection of each other in all lawful pursuits, aiding each other in business, as being members of one great political family, seeking to promote each other's welfare, and especially to extend such aid to those who have been or may be ignored or proscribed by the Radical party, as the Association may be able.

ART. 3. The officers of this Club shall consist of a President, three Vice Presidents, a Recording Secretary, a Corresponding Secretary and a Treasurer, who shall perform the duties pertaining to such offices, and, who, together with Five Directors, shall be elected annually at the annual meeting of the Association, and shall constitute an Executive Board, to whom shall be committed the interests of the Club.

ART. 4. This Constitution, and such By-Laws or Regulations as the Club may adopt, may be altered, amended or changed at any public meeting of the Club, by a vote of two-thirds of the members present.

SUBSCRIPTION.

We, whose names are hereto annexed, do solemnly pledge our word and sacred honor, constantly and faithfully to promote the objects and aims of this Club as set forth in the foregoing Constitution, and do hold ourselves ready to defend the same, and to protect, to the extent of our ability, every member of this Association throughout the State.

BY-LAWS AND REGULATIONS.

1. Every member of this Club shall sign and subscribe the Constitution, in order to recognition.

2. All monied contributions to the objects of the Association shall be voluntary, and shall be held by the Treasurer, who shall keep an exact account and disburse the same only on the order of the Executive Board, to whom he shall submit his accounts when ordered.

3. The Club shall order its public meetings when and where it chooses, and the President may call meetings when desirable, but the Executive Board, or such of its members as may be designated, shall select speakers and make all necessary arrangements

4. Each member of the Executive Board is hereby appointed a Committee to solicit names for membership, also monied donations for the objects of the Club, and to attend to the general interests of the Club, such as directing the correspondence, procuring and circulating documents, &c.

5. The Executive Board shall meet to transact the private business of the Club as often as it may order, (and the officers of the Club shall be *ex-officio* officers of the Board;) when the names of members shall be presented for registration or dismissal for good cause, to consider the financial business of the Club and such other private matters as may be necessary. All members of the Club may attend the private meetings of the Board when convenient, and may give counsel, but the business of the Board will be determined by the vote of the Board itself.

6. Any member of the Club intending to move to any other section, may obtain a certificate of his membership in the Club, if he desire it, to be signed by the President and Secretary.

7. The Executive Board of each Club will give special attention to all matters of registration, voting, &c., see that all do their duty, and that the law is strictly observed, that all fraud or mal-practice is detected and duly punished.

REMARKS.

1. In South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi and other Southern States, strong Democratic Clubs are being formed, composed of colored citizens. The Constitution above is so worded that it can be adapted to any place or persons. If Democratic Clubs can be formed entirely of colored persons, perhaps it will be best; but where there are few, the Clubs may decide to enter them on their registers or not, as they may elect.

2. We would suggest that Young Men's Clubs, everywhere, should embrace all young men, from 18 years of age, and upwards. Many old men are faint-hearted, timid, afraid to let people know their political *status*. Take in the young men, who have the pluck, and who may be educated to *love* the Constitution and the country, and who will always vote right, when they become of age. We need the ardor and boldness of youth, as well as the prudence and wisdom of age. The necessity for this, however, would be obviated, if the young men, under the age of 21, would form Clubs of their own.

3. We insist upon forming Clubs in every Ward, in every precinct and Captain's District in the State, where 25 or 30 members, and as many more as possible, can be obtained. The more the better. The talent and energy of all our people must be brought out. It will not do to let the old men and the old party managers do all the managing and the talking. We *must put every man* in some position to be useful. By having a Club in every Ward and every neighborhood, we can find room for a great many as officers and talkers and working men. We can have our Club meetings out of doors, these pleasant nights, by moonlight or camp fires, and there will be a chance for *every man*, who can make a talk, or a little speech, or a great speech, to do something in that line. Let the Clubs be formed. Bring out all our men to work for the Constitution and the country, and let us save them by the election of Seymour and Blair!

Unisers' Separator and Horse Power.

Just received at N. C. Depot, one more of these celebrated Machines, which will be sold, at Manufacturer's prices, either with or without the Power—freight only added. Call at once and secure it.

—ALSO—

In store Harman's **Steel Tooth Wheel Horse Rake** for 1868, and the Dixie Wheat Fan.

July 2-tf. JAMES M. TOWLES, Agent.

BOARD.

BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH,
At Reasonable Rates.

MY TABLE WILL BE SUPPLIED WITH the best the Market affords. No pains will be spared to render comfortable all who may favor me with a call.

TWO DOLLARS PER DAY

will be charged transient persons. A deduction for longer time.

Members of the approaching Legislature will do well to call, before engaging board elsewhere.

June 25-tf GEO. T. COOKE.

DRY GOODS.

New Spring and Summer Goods for 1868.

CHEAP FOR CASH.

LOOK OUT FOR A. CREECH!

JUST RECEIVED, $15,000 worth of new Spring and Summer Goods, which must, at all events, be sold within the next sixty days, if possible.—If you want

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

I have a beautiful assortment of the various styles and latest importations. It is a well known fact, and universally admitted, that

CREECH'S IS THE PLACE

to buy your goods. This can be, and is substantiated daily, by hundreds.

If you want Cassimeres, Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, Cotton and Linen Goods of all descriptions, and

At Low Prices,

suitable for gentlemen, boys and children's wear, CREECH'S is the place to look for them.

Why, you may go up one side of Fayetteville Street and down the other; yes, and then the cross streets, and you will be bound to come to the conclusion that CREECH'S is the place you had better do your trading. If you want

LADIES' BONNETS,

trimmed or untrimmed, CREECH'S is the place to get them. If you wish to purchase any style of

LADIES, MISSES or CHILDREN'S HATS,

don't buy until you have seen CREECH'S, or you will miss a great bargain, as he has one of the largest and most beautiful assortments in the City. If you are looking for

MEN'S, BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S HATS,

Ladies, Men and Children's Shoes, why if you step at Creech's you will surely be suited in style, quality and price.

I told the people, some time ago, that there was no House in the City that could or would sell goods cheaper than I, and now I intend to keep my word. I said then what I meant, and now mean what I say. So don't fail to come to CREECH'S, on R. Smith's corner.

A. CREECH,
April 8 Fayetteville Street.

NEW ARRIVALS.

Goods as LOW as they can be found in this latitude,

AT

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S,

No. 21 Fayetteville St.,

RALEIGH, N. C.

The Senior of this firm has been selling Goods for the last twenty years, in this market, and can say to our friends that, considering all things, he never had a

BETTER, NICER OR CHEAPER

STOCK OF GOODS

To offer them than they are now opening at their Store, No. 21 Fayetteville street, Raleigh, N. C.

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.

October 4, 1867—tf.

MISCELLANEOUS.

P. F. PESCUD,
GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT,

HAS REMOVED his office to his former Drug Store, where he will receive applications and issue Policies of Insurance against loss by Fire, at the lowest remunerative rates, in the following first-class Companies, viz:

Phœnix, of Hartford,
Atlantic, of Brooklyn,
Security, of New York,
Putnam, of Hartford,
Home, of New Haven,
Valley of Virginia, Winchester,
Jefferson, of Virginia, and
The Underwriter's, Selma, Ala.

Their combined Capital and Assets exceeding **$5,500,000.**

LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED AND PAID.

P. F. PESCUD,
Dec. 14—119-tf Ins. Agent.

GUILFORD LAND AGENCY OF NORTH CAROLINA,

LANDHOLDERS WHO WISH TO SELL

Agricultural or Mineral Lands, Water Powers, Mills, Town Lots, or Real Estate

of any kind, will find it to their advantage to place their property in our hands for sale.

We have great facilities for procuring purchasers for all such property.

For information, address

JNO. B. GRETTER,
General Agent,
Greensboro', N. C.

Or PHIL THIEM, Agent, Raleigh, N. C.

Oct. 31—72-f

SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION!

On the 17th day of August 1868, in pursuance of a decree in Equity, made at June Term, 1867, and amended at June Term, 1868, of the Supreme Court of N. C., in the case wherein the Heron Mining Company is complainant and Joseph Weisman is respondent, I shall proceed to sell at the door of the Court House of the County of Wake, in the city of Raleigh, to the highest bidder, the following described property, being all the land and mining interests, mentioned and described in the pleadings, to wit: About

SIXTEEN TRACTS OF LAND,

containing in all some

4,000 ACRES OR MORE.

Also the mining privilege upon two other tracts of some

1,000 ACRES OR MORE.

This land is situate in the County of Wake, and near the city of Raleigh. There is a continuous and many parallel veins of Graphite, Plumbago or Black Lead, much of it of the highest quality, extending throughout the entire chain of tracts, some twelve miles in length.

Terms, 3 per cent cash and the residue of the purchase money upon a credit of one, two and three years.

W. S. MASON,
Jun 30-td Commissioner.

JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO.,

BANKING,

Exchange and Collection Office,
FAYETTEVILLE STREET,
RALEIGH, N. C.

Dealers in Bank Notes, Coin, &c.

Prompt and particular attention given to the collection of Notes, Drafts, &c., in all parts of the country.

Refer to NATIONAL BANK OF THE REPUBLIC, New York.

June 26-1m*

SENTINEL OFFICE

JOB PRINTING.

OUR FRIENDS IN THE CITY OR COUNTRY, desiring Sheriffs' Clerks or Constables' Blanks,

CARDS, BOOKS, PAMPHLETS,

or other printing, done, will please send in their orders.

They will be neatly executed and done promptly, and on the lowest terms.

We expect soon to have our office supplied with the necessary material to execute the orders of our friends in every species of Job Printing.

Sept. 27—tf WM. E. PELL, Proprietor.

20 BBLS. No. 1. FAMILY FLOUR AND other grades, arriving At

Feb 3-159-tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

WHITE PEPPER. At TONNOFFSKI'S.

1868. 1868.

NEW ARRANGEMENT

FOR THE

SENTINEL.

Published in the City of Raleigh, N. C.,

Daily, Semi Weekly and Weekly.

William E. Pell, } Editors.
Seaton Gales, }

In view of the scarcity of money, and the severity of the times, the Proprietor of the SENTINEL has determined to reduce the terms of the paper, to commence after the 31st DECEMBER, next, and to make such improvements in its general character as will commend it to the patronage of an enlightened public.

In POLITICS it will be thoroughly Conservative, advocating, at all times:

A strict observance of the Constitution of the United States, and the harmonious Union of equal States;

Obedience to law and the enforcement of order;

The supremacy of the civil over the military, in time of peace;

The equality of the three co ordinate branches of the government;

The sovereignty of the States over their own internal affairs, in strict conformity to the Constitution;

The maintenance of freedom and justice to all, without distinction of color, but the supremacy of the white race as the governing class;

Opposition to Radicalism in all its phases.

As a NEWS journal, it shall be equal to any.—The principal markets will be regularly published.

Its LITERARY character shall be maintained and improved, by contributions from our best writers.

Finally, the SENTINEL will seek to be the special promoter of the educational, moral and economical interests of the people of North Carolina.

Terms:

Daily Sentinel, for one year	$8 00
" " six months	4 00
" " three months	2 00
Semi-Weekly Sentinel, for one year	4 00
" " six months	2 00
" " three months	1 00
Weekly " for one year	2 00
" " six months	1 00

All subscriptions strictly cash in advance.

As an advertising medium, the SENTINEL is equal to any in the State. Terms moderate.

☞ We ask every Conservative in the State to become our Agent to extend the circulation of the SENTINEL. The events of 1868 will be exciting and important. The WEEKLY SENTINEL should be in the hands of the great body of the people—The terms are now so low that every one will be able to pay for it.

W. E. PELL,
Raleigh, Jan. 1st, 1868. Proprietor

MISCELLANEOUS

1868. 1868.

SPRING TRADE.

TIN WARE AT WHOLESALE.

A LARGE LOT OF TIN WARE ON HAND and constantly making, which will be sold at NEW YORK PRICES!

Material good and workmanship unsurpassed. The undersigned is conducting a NORTH CAROLINA ENTERPRISE, and asks the co-operation of Southern Merchants. He is, by availing himself of the best and most improved machinery, prepared to fill all orders for TIN WARE, and can make the supply equal to the demand.

Send me your orders. Satisfaction guaranteed.

I will take any kind of good produce in exchange for Tin Ware and particularly want, at best prices, **Rags, Beeswax, Old Copper and Brass** and will pay cash for same, when preferred.

Send for a Price List and compare with your Northern Bills—I WILL TRADE FAIR.

I will keep constantly on hand a good assortment of **Cooking Stoves**, Buck's Patent and others of best make, and will sell right.

E. H. POGUE,
Feb 3-150-tf Hillsboro N. C.

NUMBER OF POUNDS TO A BUSHEL.

Of Wheat	60 Pounds.
Of Shelled Corn	56 do
Of Corn on the Cob	70 do
Of Rye	56 do
Of Oats	36 do
Of Barley	40 do
Of Potatoes	60 do
Of Bran	20 do
Of Clover Seed	60 do
Of Timothy Seed	45 do
Of Flax Seed	45 do
Of Hemp Seed	44 do
Of Buckwheat	52 do
Of Blue Grass	14 do
Of Castor Bean	46 do
Of Dried Peaches	33 do
Of Dried Apples	24 do
Of Onions	57 do
Of Salt	50 do

Just to Hand.

A LARGE LOT of second-hand MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS, on consignment, and for sale at very reasonable rates

BRANSON & JONES,
June 19-tf Raleigh, N. C.

THE STAMP ACT.

One of the Tax Laws of the U. S.

Acknowledgment of Deeds, exempt.

Affidavit, 5 cents; in suit or legal proceedings, exempt.

Agreement or Appraisement, for each sheet or piece of paper on which the same is written, 5 cents.

Assignment or Transfers, of Mortgage, lease or policy of insurance, the same duty as on the original instrument of patent right 5 cents.

Bath Checks, Drafts or Orders, &c., at sight or on demand, 2 cents.

Bills of Exchange, Inland drafts or orders payable otherwise than at sight or on demand, and any promissory note whatever, payable on demand or at a time designated [except bank notes issued for circulation, and checks made and intended to be, and which shall be, forthwith presented for payment] for a sum not exceeding $100, 5 cents.

For every additional $100 or fractional part thereof, 5 cents.

Bills of Lading vessels for the ports of the United States or British North America, exempt.

On receipt of goods on any foreign ports, 10 cts.

Bills of Sale of any vessel, or part thereof, when the consideration does not exceed $500, 50 cents.

Exceeding $500 and not exceeding $1,000, $1.

Exceeding one thousand dollars for each five hundred dollars or fractional part thereof, 50 cents

Of personal property, other than ship or vessel, Bond personal, for payment of money (see mortgage.) Official, $1.

For indemnifying any person for the payment of any sum of money, where the money ultimately recoverable thereupon is one thousand dollars or less, 50 cents.

Where the money recoverable exceeds one thousand dollars, for every additional one thousand dollars or fractional part thereof, 50 cents.

Bonds, county, city and town bonds, railroads and other corporation bonds and scrip, are subject to stamp duty. (See mortgage.) Of any description other than such as are required in legal proceedings, and such as are not otherwise charged in this schedule, 25 cents.

Certificates of deposit in bank, sum not exceeding one hundred dollars, 2 cents.

Of deposit in bank, sum exceeding one hundred dollars, 5 cents.

Of stock in an incorporated company, 25 cents

General, 5 cents

Of a qualification of a Justice of the Peace, Commissioner of deeds or Notary public, 5 cents.

Of search of records, 5 cents.

That certain papers are on file, 5 cents.

That certain paper cannot be found 5 cents.

Of redemption of land sold for taxes 5 cents.

Of birth, marriage and death, 5 cents.

Of qualifications of school teachers, 5 cents.

Of profits of an incorporated company, for a sum not less than ten dollars and not exceeding fifty dollars, 10 cents.

Exceeding fifty dollars and not exceeding one thousand dollars, 25 cents.

Exceeding one thousand dollars, for every additional one thousand, or fractional part thereof, 25 cents.

Of damage or otherwise, and all other certificates or documents issued by any port warden, marine surveyor, or other person acting as such, 25 cents.

Certified Transcript of Judgments, satisfaction of judgments and of all papers recorded or on file, 5 cents.

Check, draft or order for the payment of any sum of money exceeding $10, drawn upon any person or other than a bank, banker or trust company, at sight or on demand, 2 cents.

Contract (See Agreement Brokers,) 10 cents.

Conveyance deed, instrument of writing, whereby lands tenements, or other realty sold shall be conveyed, the actual value of which does not exceed $500, 50 cents.

Exceeding $500 and not exceeding $1,000, $1.

For every additional five hundred dollars, or fractional part thereof, in excess of one thousand dollars, 50 cents.

Entry of any goods, wares or merchandise at any custom house, not exceeding one hundred dollars in value, 25 cents.

Exceeding one hundred dollars and not exceeding five hundred dollars in value, 50 cents.

Exceeding five hundred dollars in value, $1.00.

For the withdrawal of any goods or merchandise from bonded warehouse, 50 cents.

Gauger's return if for quantity not exceeding five hundred gallons proof, 10 cents

Exceeding 500 gallons, 25 cents.

Power of Attorney to sell or transfer stock, or collect dividends thereon, 25 cents.

To vote at an election of an incorporated company, 10 cents.

To receive or collect rents, 25 cents.

To sell, or convey, or rent, or lease real estate, $1.00

For any other purpose, 50 cents.

Probate of will or letters of administration, where the value of both real and personal estate does not exceed $2,000, $1.00.

For every additional $2,000, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $2,000, 50 cents.

Bonds of executors, administrators, guardians and trustees, are each subjected to a stamp duty of $1.00.

Protest upon bill, note, check or draft, 25 cts.

Promissory, (See Bills of Exchange, inland.)

Renewal of, subject to same duty as original note

Receipt for the payment of any sum of money, or debt due exceeding twenty dollars, or for the delivery of any property, 2 cents.

Trust Deed made to secure a debt to be stamped as a mortgage conveying estate in mass, to be stamped as conveyances.

Warehouse Receipt for any goods, wares or merchandise, not otherwise provided for, deposited or stored in any public or private warehouse not exceeding five hundred dollars in value, 10 cts

Exceeding five hundred and not exceeding one thousand dollars 20 cents.

Exceeding $1,000, for every $1 000 or fractional part thereof, in excess of $1,000, 10 cents.

For any goods, etc., not otherwise provided for, stored or deposited in any public or private warehouse or yard, 25 cents.

Writs or Legal Documents, writs or other legal process by which any suit is commenced in any court of record, either of law or equity, 50 cents

Writ or original process issued by a court not of record, where the amount claimed is $100 or over, 50.

Upon every confession of judgment or cognovit for $100 or over, except in cases where the tax for a writ has been paid, 50 cents.

Writ or other process, appeals from justices courts, or other courts of inferior jurisdiction, to a court of record, 50 cents.

Warrants of distress, when the amount of rent claimed does not exceed $100 25 cents.

When the amount exceeds $100, 50 cents.

Insurance, Marine, Inland and Fire. Where the consideration paid for the insurance, in cash, premium notes, or both, does not exceed $10, 25 cents.

Exceeding ten dollars, and not exceeding fifty, 50 cents.

Insurance Life when the amount insured does not exceed one thousand dollars, 25 cents.

Exceeding $1,000 and not exceeding $5,000, 50 cts.

Exceeding $5,000, $1.00.

Lease of lands or tenements where the rents do not exceed $300 per annum, 50 cents.

Exceeding $300, for each additional $300 or fractional part thereof, in excess of $300, 50 cents.

Perpetual, subject to stamp duty as a "conveyance."

Clause of guaranty of payment of rent incorporated or endorsed, five cents additional.

Measurers' Returns, if for quantity not exceeding one thousand bushels, 10 cents.

Exceeding 1 000 bushels, 25 cents.

Mortgage, trust deed, bill of sales, or personal bond for the payment of money exceeding $100 and not exceeding $500, 50 cents

Exceeding $500, for every additional $500, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $500, 50 cents.

Pawner's Checks 5 cents.

Passage Tickets from the United States to any foreign port, costing not more than $35, 50 cents.

Costing more than $35, and not exceeding $50 $1.00

For every additional $50, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $50, $1.00.

GENERAL REMARKS.

Revenue stamps may be used indiscriminately upon any of the matters or things enumerated in Schedule B., except proprietary and playing card stamps, for which a special use has been provided.

Postage stamps cannot be used in payment of the duty chargeable on instruments.

It is the duty of the maker of an instrument to affix and cancel the stamp thereon. If he neglects to do so, the party for whom it is made, may stamp it before it is used; and if used after the 30th of July, 1864, and used without a stamp, it cannot afterwards be effectually stamped. Any failure upon the part of the maker of an instrument, to appropriately stamp it, renders him liable to a penalty of two hundred dollars.

Suits are commenced in many States by other process than writ, viz: summons, warrants, publication, &c., in which case these, as the original process, severally require stamps.

Writs of scire facias are subject to stamp duty as original process.

The jurat of an affidavit, taken before a Justice of the Peace Notary Public, or other officer duly authorized to take affidavits, is held to be a certificate, and is subject to a stamp duty of five cents, except when taken in suits of legal proceedings.

Certificates of loan in which there shall appear any printed or written evidence of an amount of money to be paid on demand or at any time designated, are subject to stamp duty as Promissory Notes.

The assignment of a mortgage is subject to the same duty as that imposed upon the original instrument; that is to say, for every sum of five hundred dollars, or any fractional part thereof, of the amount secured by the mortgage, at time of its assignment, there must be affixed a stamp or stamps, denoting a duty of five cents.

When two or more persons join in the execution of an instrument, the stamps to which this instrument is liable, under the law, may be affixed and cancelled by one of the parties.

In conveyance of real estate, the law provides that the stamp affixed must answer to the value of the estate or interest conveyed.

No stamp is required on warrant of attorney accompanying a bond or note, when such bond or note has affixed thereto the stamp or stamps denoting the duty required, and whenever any bond or note is secured by mortgage, but one stamp duty is required on such papers, such stamp duty being the highest rates required for such instruments, or either of them. In such case a note or memorandum of the value or denomination of the stamp affixed should be made upon the margin or in the acknowledgment of the instrument which is not stamped.

THE FORTIETH CONGRESS.

The following is a full list of the members of both Houses of the Fortieth Congress, the Republican members being marked "r," as the opposition "d."

SENATE.

Benjamin F. Wade, r, of Ohio, President.
John W. Forney, r, of Penn., Secretary.

MAINE.	Term Expires
Lot M Morrill, r	'69
Wm P Fessenden, r	'73
NEW HAMPSHIRE.	
Aaron H Cragin, r	'71
Jas W Patterson, r	'73
VERMONT.	
Geo F Edmunds, r	'69
Justus S Morrill, r	'73
MASSACHUSETTS.	
Charles Sumner, r	'69
Henry Wilson, r	'71
RHODE ISLAND.	
William Sprague, r	'69
Henry B Anthony, r	'73
CONNECTICUT.	
James Dixon, d	'69
Orris S Ferry, r	'73
NEW YORK.	
Edwin D Morgan, r	'69
Ezekiel Conkling, r	'71
NEW JERSEY.	
F T Frelinghuysen, r	'69
Alex G Cattell, r	'71
PENNSYLVANIA.	
C R Buckalew, d	'69
Simon Cameron, r	'73
DELAWARE.	
Geo R Riddle, d	'69
Wm Saulsbury, d	'71
MARYLAND.	
Reverdy Johnson, d	'69
—— Hamilton, d	——
WEST VIRGINIA.	
P G Van Winkle, r	'69
Waitman T Willey, r	'71
KENTUCKY.	
—— Mc Creery, d	——
Garrett Davis, d	'73
TENNESSEE.	
D T Patterson, d	'69
Joseph S Fowler, r	'71
OHIO.	
Benjamin F Wade, r	'69
John Sherman, r	'73

INDIANA.	Term Expires.
T A Hendricks, d	'69
Oliver Morton, r	'73
ILLINOIS.	
Richard Yates, r	'71
Lyman Trumbull, r	'73
MICHIGAN.	
Zach Chandler, r	'69
Jacob M Howard, r	'71
WISCONSIN.	
I R Doolittle, d	'69
Timothy O Howe, r	'73
MINNESOTA.	
Alex Ramsey, r	'